

# Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES) Report 2021

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#### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 The Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES) has been in place for five years, the main aims are:
  - To improve workplace experiences and employment opportunities for Black Asian & Minority Ethnic (BAME) people in the NHS
  - The WRES also applies to BAME people who want to work in the NHS. This
    can be achieved by taking positive action to help address race equalities in
    the application process.
- 1.2 The Equality Diversity Council [EDC NHS] placed a priority on the development of the WRES to tackle race equalities.
- 1.3 The EDC NHS prioritised the development of the WRES to tackle race equalities the WRES was identified as the best means to achieve this by helping the NHS to improve by:
  - BAME representation at Senior Management and Board level.
  - To provide better working environments for the BAME workforce.
- 1.4 The WRES is a tool to identify gaps between BAME & White staff experiences in the workplace this is measured through a set of Metrics. Closing the gaps will achieve:
  - Tangible progress in tackling discrimination
  - Promoting a positive culture.
  - Valuing all staff for their contribution to the NHS
- 1.5 This will provide an environment in the NHS whereby all staff are valued and supported across its entire diverse workforce. The result will be high quality patient care and improved health outcomes for all.
- 1.6 The WRES supports EDS2 goals in relation to a representative workforce and is already embedded in the Trust;
  - Better Health outcomes
  - Improved patient access and experience.
  - Representative and supported workforce
  - To provide better working environments for the BAME workforce.
- 1.7 "A key message is that real and sustained changes will only be made by determined senior leadership and commitment. This requires a shift beyond over reliance on Diversity Managers and HR Directors to drive change. This should be viewed as a strategic opportunity to demonstrate commitment to diversity and to leverage improvements in patient care."
  - Technical Guidance for the NHS Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES) July 2018

#### 2 NHS Standard Contract

2.1 The Workforce Race Equality Standard applies to all types of providers of non-primary healthcare services operating under the full-length version of the NHS Standard Contract, and so is applicable to NHS providers, independent sector providers, and voluntary sector providers.

2.2 Since April 2015, the WRES has been included in the full-length NHS Standard Contract, which is mandated for use by NHS commissioners when commissioning non-primary health services. The Contract requires all providers of NHS services (other than primary care) to address the issue of workforce race inequality by implementing and using the WRES. Service Condition 13.6 of the NHS Standard Contract 2020/21 states the following in relation to the WRES:

The Provider must implement the National Workforce Race Equality Standard and submit an annual report to the Co-ordinating Commissioner on its progress in implementing that standard.

#### 2.3 Service Condition 13.7 states that

The Provider must work towards the achievement of its bespoke targets for black and ethnic minority representation amongst Staff at Agenda for Change Band 8a and above, as described in the NHS Model Employer Strategy

2.4 Schedule 6A of the NHS Standard Contract requires that providers report annually on their compliance with the WRES. These provisions do not apply to the shorter-form version of the NHS Standard Contract, which is typically used for commissioning lower value services with smaller providers.

#### 3 Changes to NHS England data submission

3.1 Due to COVID-19 this year NHS England have not required the submission of data for indictors 5, 6, 7 and 8. They are included in this report.

#### 4 Business Benefits to the Trust

4.1 Simon Stevens said that,

"We want an NHS of the people, by the people, for the people. That's because care is far more likely to meet the needs of patients we are here to serve when NHS Leadership is drawn from diverse communities."

- 4.2 There are numerous benefits for the Trust through the implementation of the WRES which all make good business sense:
  - Recruitment this would open up access to a young BAME labour market.
  - Would add value to the Trust as a "diverse employer", raising awareness of different cultures, traditions and religious beliefs. Which in turn would provide greater understanding when delivering patient care, particularly in relation to dignity and respect.
  - This would enhance and empower mutual respect from all staff and from our communities.
  - The WRES will demonstrate our commitment as a Trust to deliver a diverse workforce, representative of the communities we serve.
  - It would demonstrate to our own BAME staff the Trust commitment to ensure staff are treated equitably and appropriately free from discriminatory practices.
  - The WRES will provide a transparency of what the Trust is delivering and evidence to prove progress.

## 5 Legal Duties

The Trust needs to fulfil legal duties regarding Protected Characteristics as detailed in the Equality Act 2010 in particular relating to the General Equality Duty as follows:

5.1 Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation

The Trust has in place policies and process to eliminate discrimination and harassment of all staff and continues to take legal responsibility for all Protected Characteristics.

5.2 Advance equality of opportunity between different groups.

To mitigate risk the Trust may want to consider developing a baseline assessment of current resources and initiatives for all staff support across Protected Characteristics.

- 5.3 Foster good relations between different groups
  - Reduce any negative impact by positive market communication. It is critical
    to make sure staff teams are engaged and understand the rationale and see
    the value of the work.
  - Clarity about what positive action is, it's not about giving BAME staff an unfair advantage but addressing inequalities.

#### 6 Workforce indicator 1

- 6.1 Percentage of staff in each of the AfC Bands 1-9 or Medical and Dental subgroups and VSM (including executive Board members) compared with the percentage of staff in the overall workforce disaggregated by:
  - Non-Clinical staff
  - · Clinical staff of which
    - Non-Medical staff
    - Medical and Dental staff

Note: Definitions for these categories are based on Electronic Staff Record occupation codes with the exception of Medical and Dental staff, which are based upon grade codes.

# **Non-Clinical staff**

For comparison the 2021 table is included here and below the 2020 data:

2021: Non-Clinic	al								
Band	White	BAME	Not Stated	Grand Total	% of BAME	Ave BAME	%	% not	% white
	vviile	DAIVIE	Not Stated		Staff	staff %	Difference	stated	staff
Apprentice/Under Band 1	2	0	5	7	0	4.59%	-4.59%	71.42%	28.57%
1	1	0	0	1	0	4.59%	-4.59%	0	100%
2	515	24	70	609	3.94%	4.59%	-0.65%	11.49%	84.56%
3	440	22	52	514	4.2%	4.59%	-0.39%	10.11%	85.60%
4	283	19	32	334	5.68%	4.59%	1.09%	9.58%	84.73%
5	141	11	21	173	6.35%	4.59%	1.76%	12.13%	81.50%
6	105	7	26	138	5.07%	4.59%	0.48%	18.84%	76.08%
7	79	4	16	99	4.04%	4.59%	-0.55%	16.16%	79.79%
8a	55	2	8	65	3.07%	4.59%	-1.52%	12.30%	84.61%
8b	44	2	5	51	3.92%	4.59%	-0.67%	9.80%	86.27%
8c	11	1	2	14	7.14%	4.59%	2.55%	14.28%	78.57%
8d	15	0	3	18	0	4.59%	-4.59%	16.66%	83.33%
9	1	0	0	1	0	4.59%	-4.59%	0	100%
VSM	17	2	3	22	9.09%	4.59%	4.5%	13.63%	77.27%
Grand Total	1709	94	243	2046	4.59%	4.59%		11.87%	83.52%

This table shows the distribution of BAME staff in Non-Clinical Bands

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

2020 Non-c	2020 Non-clinical										
Non clinical	BAME	Not Stated	White	Grand Total	% of BAME Staff	Average BAME Staff %	% Difference	% Not Stated	% of White Staff		
Apprentice		1	6	7	0	4.25%	-4.25%	14.29%	85.71%		
Band 1			1	1	0	4.25%	-4.25%	0.00%	100.00%		
Band 2	26	64	533	623	0.041734	4.25%	-0.08%	10.27%	85.55%		
Band 3	19	46	420	485	0.039175	4.25%	-0.33%	9.48%	86.60%		
Band 4	13	30	270	313	0.041534	4.25%	-0.10%	9.58%	86.26%		
Band 5	12	21	129	162	0.074074	4.25%	3.16%	12.96%	79.63%		
Band 6	4	24	97	125	0.032	4.25%	-1.05%	19.20%	77.60%		
Band 7	3	14	77	94	0.031915	4.25%	-1.06%	14.89%	81.91%		
Band 8A	2	8	57	67	0.029851	4.25%	-1.26%	11.94%	85.07%		
Band 8B	2	5	46	53	0.037736	4.25%	-0.48%	9.43%	86.79%		
Band 8C	1	1	5	7	0.142857	4.25%	10.04%	14.29%	71.43%		
Band 8D		3	14	17	0	4.25%	-4.25%	17.65%	82.35%		
Exec Director		1	4	5	0	4.25%	-4.25%	20.00%	80.00%		
VSM	2	3	13	18	0.111111	4.25%	6.86%	16.67%	72.22%		
Grand Total	84	221	1672	1977	0.042489	4.25%		11.18%	84.57%		

This table shows the distribution of BAME staff in Non-Clinical Bands

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

Clinical Staff This table shows the distribution of BAME staff in Clinical Bands For comparison the 2021 table is included here and below the 2020 data:

2021: Clinical									
Band	White	BAME	Not Stated	Grand Total	% of BAME Staff	Ave BAME staff %	% Difference	% not stated	% white staff
Apprentice/Under Band 1	7	1	1	9	11.11%	23.14%	-12.03%	11.11%	77.77%
1	0	0	0	0	0	23.14%	-23.14%	0	0
2	849	236	196	1281	18.4%	23.14%	-4.47%	15.30%	66.27%
3	255	27	37	319	8.4%	23.14%	-14.74%	11.59%	79.93%
4	256	95	53	404	23.51%	23.14%	0.37%	13.11%	63.36%
5	759	437	258	1454	30%	23.14%	6.86%	17.74%	52.20%
6	821	218	154	1193	18.27%	23.14%	-4.87%	12.90%	68.81
7	644	92	87	823	11.17%	23.14%	-11.97%	10.57%	78.25%
8a	135	14	16	165	8.48%	23.14%	-14.66%	9.69%	81.81%
8b	50	1	12	63	1.58%	23.14%	-21.56%	19.04%	83.33%
8c	13	1	4	18	5.55%	23.14%	-17.59%	22.22%	72.22%
8d	5	0	1	6	0	23.14%	-23.14%	16.66%	83.33%
9	3	0	0	3	0	23.14%	-23.14%	0	100%
VSM	0	0	0	0	0	23.14%	-23.14%	0	0
Consultant	214	201	76	491	40.93%	23.14%	17.79%	15.47%	43.5%
Non consultant	41	113	34	188	60.10%	23.14%	36.96%	18.08%	21.80%
Trainee	66	162	260	488	33.19%	23.14%	10.05%	53.27%	13.52%
Other	0	0	0	0	0	23.14%	-23.14%	0	0
Grand Total	4118	1598	1189	6905	23.14%	23.14%		17.21%	59.63%

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

# **Clinical Staff**

Clinical Staff 2020	)								
Clinical	ВАМЕ	Not Stated	White	Grand Total	% of BAME Staff	Average BAME Staff %	% Difference	% Not Stated	% of White Staff
Apprentice	1		7	8	12.50%	21.33%	-8.83%	0.00%	87.50%
Band 2	239	187	884	1310	18.24%	21.33%	-3.08%	14.27%	67.48%
Band 3	31	38	264	333	9.31%	21.33%	-12.02%	11.41%	79.28%
Band 4	73	37	230	340	21.47%	21.33%	0.14%	10.88%	67.65%
Band 5	329	199	820	1348	24.41%	21.33%	3.08%	14.76%	60.83%
Band 6	204	149	813	1166	17.50%	21.33%	-3.83%	12.78%	69.73%
Band 7	76	80	640	796	9.55%	21.33%	-11.78%	10.05%	80.40%
Band 8A	14	12	114	140	10.00%	21.33%	-11.33%	8.57%	81.43%
Band 8B		12	52	64	0.00%	21.33%	-21.33%	18.75%	81.25%
Band 8C		3	15	18	0.00%	21.33%	-21.33%	16.67%	83.33%
Band 8D		2	3	5	0.00%	21.33%	-21.33%	40.00%	60.00%
Band 9			2	2	0.00%	21.33%	-21.33%	0.00%	100.00%
Consultant	182	71	201	454	40.09%	21.33%	18.76%	15.64%	44.27%
Non- Consultant	98	32	46	176	55.68%	21.33%	34.35%	18.18%	26.14%
Trainee Grade	166	209	89	464	35.78%	21.33%	14.45%	45.04%	19.18%
Exec Director			1	1	0.00%	21.33%	-21.33%	0.00%	100.00%
<b>Grand Total</b>	1413	1031	4181	6625	21.33%	21.33%		15.56%	63.11%

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

# All Trust Staff:

All Trust Staff 20	All Trust Staff 2021:									
Trust	ВАМЕ	Not Stated	White	Grand Total	% of BAME Staff	Average BAME Staff %	% Difference	% Not Stated	% of White Staff	
Apprentice	1	6	9	16	6.25%	18.90%	-12.65%	37.5%	56.25%	
Band 1	0	0	1	1	0%	18.90%	-18.90%	0	100%	
Band 2	260	266	1364	1890	13.75%	18.90%	-5.15%	14.07%	72.16%	
Band 3	49	89	695	833	5.88%	18.90%	-13.02%	10.68%	83.43%	
Band 4	114	85	539	738	15.44%	18.90%	-3.46%	11.51%	73.03%	
Band 5	448	279	900	1627	27.53%	18.90%	8.63%	17.14%	55.31%	
Band 6	225	180	926	1331	16.9%	18.90%	-2%	13.52%	69.57%	
Band 7	96	103	723	922	10.4%	18.90%	-8.5%	11.17%	78.14%	
Band 8A	16	24	190	230	6.95%	18.90%	-11.95%	10.43%	82.60%	
Band 8B	3	17	94	114	2.63%	18.90%	-16.27%	14.91%	82.45%	
Band 8C	2	6	24	32	6.25%	18.90%	-12.65%	18.75%	75%	
Band 8D	0	4	20	24	0%	18.90%	-18.90%	16.66%	83.33%	
Band 9	0	0	4	4	0%	18.90%	-18.90%	0	100%	
Exec Director	0	2	4	6	0%	18.90%	-18.90%	33.33%	66.66%	
Consultant	201	76	214	491	40.93%	18.90%	22.03%	15.47%	43.58%	
Non- Consultant	113	34	41	188	60.10%	18.90%	41.2%	18.08%	21.80%	
<b>Trainee Grade</b>	162	260	66	488	33.19%	18.90%	14.29%	53.27%	13.52%	
VSM	2	1	13	16	12.5%	18.90%	-6.4%	6.25%	81.25%	
<b>Grand Total</b>	1692	1432	5827	8951	18.90%	18.90%		15.99%	65.09%	

This table shows the distribution of BAME staff in all Bands

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

All Trust Staff 20	020:								
Trust	ВАМЕ	Not Stated	White	Grand Total	% of BAME Staff	Average BAME Staff %	% Difference	% Not Stated	% of White Staff
Apprentice	1	1	13	15	6.67%	17.40%	-10.74%	6.67%	86.67%
Band 1			1	1	0.00%	17.40%	-17.40%	0.00%	100.00%
Band 2	265	251	1417	1933	13.71%	17.40%	-3.69%	12.98%	73.31%
Band 3	50	84	684	818	6.11%	17.40%	-11.29%	10.27%	83.62%
Band 4	86	67	500	653	13.17%	17.40%	-4.23%	10.26%	76.57%
Band 5	341	220	949	1510	22.58%	17.40%	5.18%	14.57%	62.85%
Band 6	208	173	910	1291	16.11%	17.40%	-1.29%	13.40%	70.49%
Band 7	79	94	717	890	8.88%	17.40%	-8.53%	10.56%	80.56%
Band 8A	16	20	171	207	7.73%	17.40%	-9.67%	9.66%	82.61%
Band 8B	2	17	98	117	1.71%	17.40%	-15.69%	14.53%	83.76%
Band 8C	1	4	20	25	4.00%	17.40%	-13.40%	16.00%	80.00%
Band 8D		5	17	22	0.00%	17.40%	-17.40%	22.73%	77.27%
Band 9			2	2	0.00%	17.40%	-17.40%	0.00%	100.00%
Exec Director		1	5	6	0.00%	17.40%	-17.40%	16.67%	83.33%
Consultant	182	71	201	454	40.09%	17.40%	22.69%	15.64%	44.27%
Non- Consultant	98	32	46	176	55.68%	17.40%	38.28%	18.18%	26.14%
Trainee Grade	166	209	89	464	35.78%	17.40%	18.37%	45.04%	19.18%
VSM	2	3	13	18	11.11%	17.40%	-6.29%	16.67%	72.22%
<b>Grand Total</b>	1497	1252	5853	8602	17.40%	17.40%	0.00%	14.55%	68.04%

This table shows the distribution of BAME staff in all Bands

Indicates the level by which the percentage of BAME staff in the band is less than the percentage of staff across the Workforce.

- 7.1 Relative likelihood of staff being appointed from shortlisting across all posts
- 7.2 The relative likelihood of being appointed from shortlisting for all staff was at its highest in 2015/16 when it indicated that White Applicants were 1.5 times more likely to be appointed than BAME Applicants. The relative likelihood of appointment has decreased since 2016, White Applicants now being only 1.13 times more likely than BAME Applicants to be appointed.

A figure below "1" would indicate that white candidates are less likely than BME candidates to be appointed from shortlisting.

Year	Likelihood White	Likelihood BAME	Relative Likelihood
2015	0.24	0.16	1.51
2016	0.36	0.24	1.51
2017	0.21	0.18	1.17
2018	0.22	0.18	1.21
2019	0.20	0.15	1.31
2020	0.26	0.23	1.13
2021			1.37

- 8.1 Relative likelihood of staff entering the formal disciplinary process, as measured by entry into a formal disciplinary investigation.
  Note: This indicator is be based on data from a two-year rolling average of the current year and the previous year.
- 8.2 The system for recording disciplinary investigations changed after 2017 and this change is the cause of the higher numbers reported after that date.
- 8.3 Whilst the actual numbers increased after 2017 the relative likelihood remains consistently low.

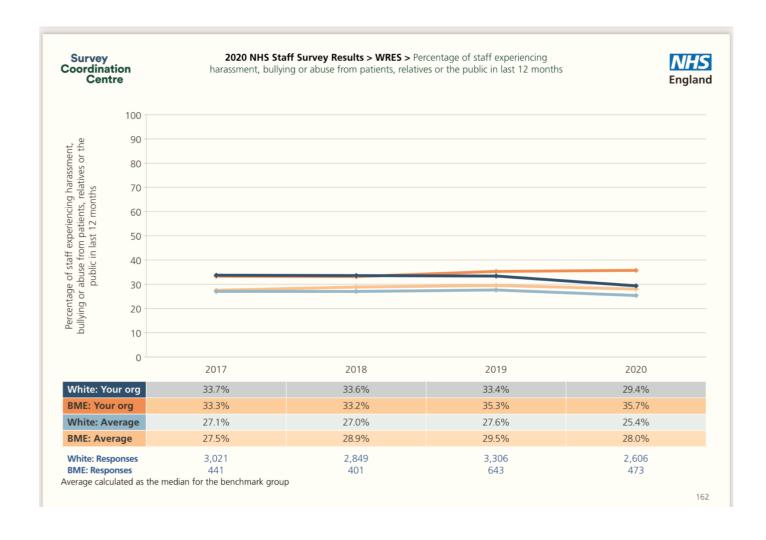
8.4 A figure below "1" indicates that BAME staff members are less likely than white staff to enter the formal disciplinary process. However this has slightly edged up this year.

Year	Ethnicity	Entering disciplinary system	Total No. of Staff	Likelihood	Relative Likelihood
	White	56	5864	0.0095	
2016	BAME	6	1125	0.0053	0.56
	Not declared	10	958	0.0104	
	White	58	5678	0.0102	
2017	BAME	4	1120	0.0036	0.35
	Not declared	7	1032	0.0068	
	White	121	5515	0.0219	
2018	BAME	10.5	1164	0.0090	0.41
	Not declared	22	1179	0.0187	
	White	156	5573	0.0280	
2019	BAME	12	1206	0.0100	0.36
	Not declared	17.5	1266	0.0138	
	White	66	5853	0.0113	
2020	BAME	8.5	1497	0.0057	0.50
	Not declared	24	1252	0.0192	
	White	20	5827	0.34	0.69
2021	BAME	4	1692	0.24	
	Not declared	17	1432	1.19	

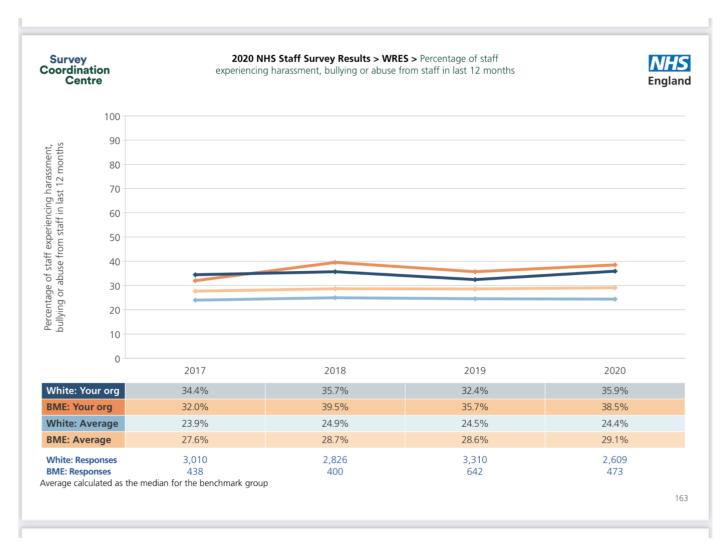
- 9.1 Relative likelihood of staff accessing non-mandatory training and CPD
- 9.2 A figure below "1" would indicate that white staff members are less likely to access non-mandatory training and CPD than BME staff.
- 9.3 In 2019 and 2020 the relative likelihood was exactly one (1.00) indicating that BAME and White staff were equally likely to access the training.

Year	Ethnicity	Staff accessing non- mandatory training	Staff not accessing non-mandatory training	Grand Total	Likelihood	Relative likelihood
2015	Not Stated	225	439	664	0.34	1.16
	White	2254	3551	5805	0.39	1.10
	BAME	304	821	1125	0.27	
2016	Not Stated	340	598	938	0.36	1.25
	White	1981	3883	5864	0.34	
	BAME	475	645	1120	0.42	
2017	Not Stated	527	505	1032	0.51	1.21
	White	2911	2767	5678	0.51	
	BAME	525	639	1164	0.45	
2018	Not Stated	506	673	1179	0.43	0.97
	White	2402	3112	5514	0.44	
	BAME	393	756	1149	0.34	
2019	Not Stated	327	939	1266	0.26	1
	White	1959	3671	5630	0.35	
	BAME	625	872	1497	0.42	
2020	Not Stated	421	831	1252	0.34	1
	White	2446	3407	5853	0.42	
	BAME	685	1007	1692	0.40	0.00
2021	Not Stated	512	920	1432	0.40	0.99
	White	2344	3483	5827	0.35	

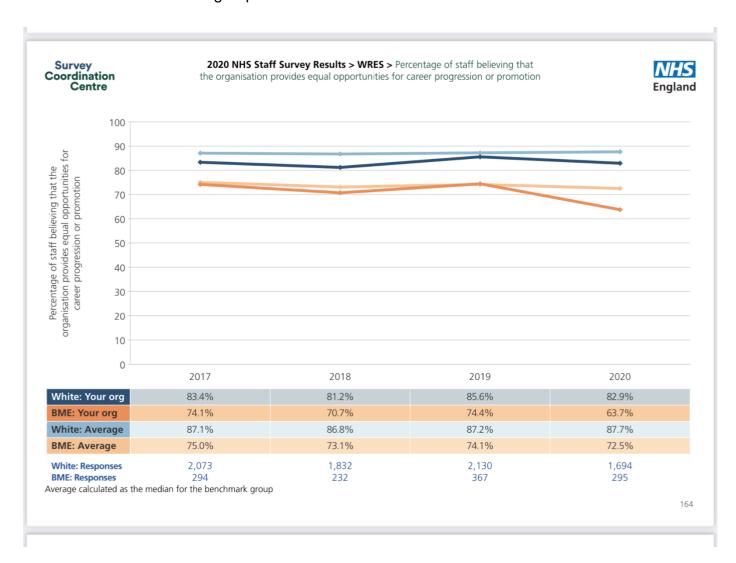
- 10.1 Percentage of staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from patients, relatives or the public in last 12 months
- 10.2 Historically BAME staff have always reported lower levels of harassment, bullying or abuse from patients, relatives or the public although the level has increased consistently.
- 10.3 The chart below compares EKHFT figures with the benchmark group. It is clear that EKHUFT BAME staff report higher levels of harassment, bullying or abuse from patients than our benchmark group.



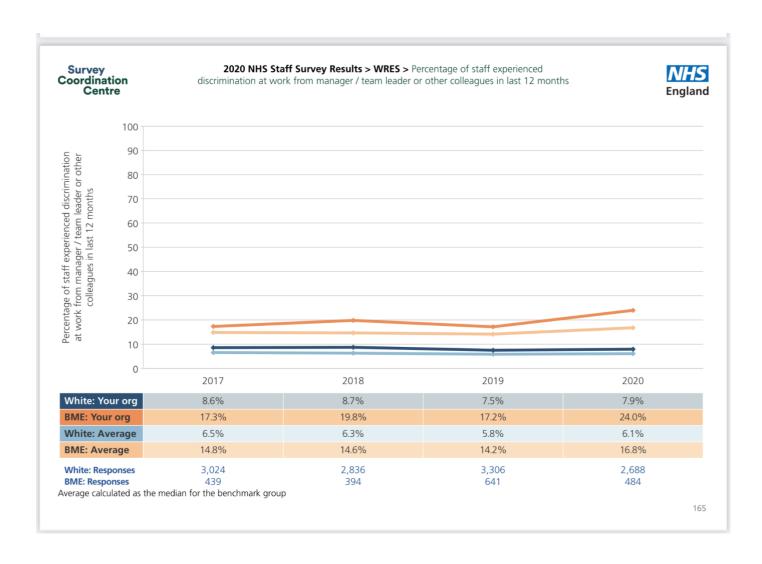
- 11.1 Percentage of staff experiencing harassment, bullying or abuse from staff in last 12 months
- 11.2 From 2015 until 2018 the percentage of BAME staff reporting harassment, bullying or abuse from staff was lower than white staff. However as can be seen recent years have shown a swing so that currently BAME staff report higher levels of harassment, bullying or abuse from staff than white staff.
- 11.3 The chart below indicates that EKHUFT staff consistently report higher levels of harassment, bullying or abuse from staff than our benchmark group.



- 12.1 Percentage of staff believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion.
- 12.2 BAME staff have consistently reported much lower levels of confidence that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion.
- 12.3 All EKHUFT staff have consistently reported much lower levels of believing that the trust provides equal opportunities for career progression or promotion compared with our benchmark group.



- 13.1 Percentage of staff personally experienced discrimination at work from Manager/team leader or other colleague
- 13.2 BAME staff have always reported higher levels of discrimination at work from Manager/team leader or other colleague.
- 13.3 All EKHUFT staff report much higher levels of discrimination at work from Manager/team leader or other colleague than their peers in our benchmark group.



- 14.1 Percentage difference between the organisations' Board membership and its overall workforce disaggregated: By voting and executive membership of the Board.
- 14.2 +ve number indicates higher percentage on Board than in Workforce
- 14.3 -ve number indicates lower percentage on Board than in Workforce

	Percentage difference between the organisations' Board membership and its overall workforce disaggregated: By voting membership of the Board									
U		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
	White	8.44%	-7.31%	6.04%	8.44%	-2.61%	-1.4%	-3.6%		
9A	Not Stated	-7.86%	14.83%	-13.18%	-7.86%	4.26%	12.1%	14.8%		
	BAME	-0.59%	-7.53%	7.14%	-0.59%	-1.66%	-10.7%	-11.2%		
	entage differend gregated: By e				embership ar	id its overal	II workforce			
	White	13.20%	11.74%	13.18%	13.20%	2.16%	3.4%	62%		
9B	Not Stated	-15.00%	-11.83%	-13.18%	-15.00%	-1.45%	14.0%	37.5%		
	BAME	1.80%	0.09%	0.00%	1.80%	-0.70%	-17.4%	0%		

# 15 Action Plan

- 15.1 The EDI Lead has developed the following action Plan to address the issues identified in the WRES report.
- 15.2 Progress on these actions will be monitored by the EDI Steering Group and the Strategic Workforce Committee.

Workstreams	Workforce Race Equality Standard (WRES)				
Accountable	Director of Human				
Specific Actions	Develop Trust wide and partnership projects for Black History Month and South east Asian Heritage Months	Publicity Campaign to increase self reporting of protected characteristics.	Complete Diverse Interview Panellist Pilot Project and develop action plans based on recommendations for longer term.	Develop strategic actions as result of JSA Consultancy EDI review with recommendations to the Trust for improving EDI.	Continue Conscious Inclusion training for Managers
Responsible	EDI Lead	EDI Lead	EDI Lead	EDI Lead	EDI Lead
Start date	July 2021	30 September 2020	January 2021	July 2021	07 August 2020
Progress Review Date	January 2022	30 November 2020	30 September 2021	December 2021	09 November 2020
Progress	Underway	Not Started	Underway, on track	Not Started	Underway, on track
Completion date	November 2022	31 March 2023	tbc	Ongoing	Ongoing
Key Deliverables & Outcomes	Improve BAME staff experience.	Reduce the level of undeclared Ethnicity	Metrics to be determined by pilot project once complete	Metrics to be determined once review complete.	Reduction in Staff Survey levels of reported discrimination
RAG					
Risks to delivery	Participation of BAME staff in developing projects.	Appropriate media available	To be determined once pilot project complete	None at this time.	Inability to tackle issues through training do to operational commitments of staff during Covid.

Not Started	
Underway, on track	
Slight variation to plan	
(predicted 1 month delayed)	
Major variation to plan	
(predicted more than 2	
months delayed)	
Completed	

### 16 Next Steps

- 16.1 EKHUFT is expected to publish data for each of the indicators and use this information to develop a local action plan to improve the experience of BAME staff. Year-to-year comparisons will demonstrate progress and challenges.
- 16.2 Data will be submitted to NHSE/I by 31st August 2021
- 16.3 By 31 October 2020, EKHUFT must publish the Board ratified WRES Metrics and action plan on our website.
- The raw data submitted to NHS England via SDCS will enable high-level comparative analysis across all NHS Trusts and Foundation Trusts.

#### 17 Conclusion

- 17.1 The Trust has seen a challenging response to staff survey responses and this is being taken very seriously by our senior managers.
- 17.2 BAME staff appear to be disadvantaged in many areas as highlighted by this report.
- 17.3 There is now an urgent need to bring about change at EKHUFT particularly for BAME staff and the Trust has invested in an external consultancy to conduct a full review with recommendations due for December 2021
- 17.4 It is anticipated that the action plan will begin to address the issues from this report however it will take longer than 12 months to change the trends associated with this data.