

CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PERFORMANCE SUMMARY



Introduction

A summary of key trends and actions of the Trust's performance against the clinical quality and patient safety indicators is provided together with supporting narrative. The report is structured around the key themes of the annually published Quality Report/Account; Patient Safety, Patient Experience and Clinical Effectiveness.

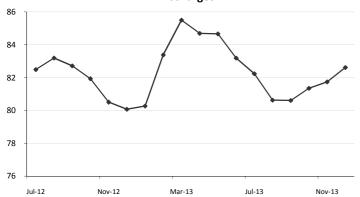
		HSMR		13/14	Dec-13	Dec-12	Dec-12	YTD
			-	82.6	80.1	1	82.4	
		RAMI		-		94.9		-
	Mortality				Q1 13/14	Q1 12/13	vs Q1 12/13	YTD
	Rates	SHMI (%)		-	94.96%	93.49%	1	-
	nates				Feb-14	Feb-13	vs Feb-13	YTD
		Crude Mortality:	Non-Elective	-	32.156	35.548	 	30.567
		All Ages (Per 1 000)	Elective	-	0.923	0.245	1	0.308
Patient	Risk	Serious Incidents	New Incidents	-	3	1	1	-
Safety	Management	(STEIS)	Open Incidents	-	28	22	1	Cumul.
	HCAI	MRSA	Attributable	0	8	4	1	Cumul.
	HCAI	C. difficile	Post 72h	29	45	38	1	Cumul.
	Infection Prevention	Mandatory Training Compliance (%)		95.0%	82.7%			85.8%
	Harm Free	Safety Thermometer	EKHUFT	93.0%	92.7%	90.0%	1	90.7%
	Care (HFC)	HFC (%) - Old & New Harm	National	-	93.3%	92.2%	1	-
		Pressure Ulcers:	Acquired	-	28	42	1	296
N	Nurse Sensitive Indicators	Grades 2,3 and 4	Avoidable	135	6	10	1	113
		Falls		1788	160	179	1	1818
	Clinical Incidents	Total Clinical Incidents	Clinical Incidents		1057	990	1	11323
	Compliments	Compliments:Complaints		-	27:1	17:1	1	-
Datia at	and Complaints	No. Care Spells per Formal Complaint		-	1175	850	1	-
Patient		Friends and Family Test (Star	5.0	4.5			-	
Experience	Experience	Adult Inpatient Experience (%)		80.00%	87.68%	88.07%	1	-
		Mixed Sex Accommodation O	ccurrences	-	8	8	↔	71
	Readmission				Jan-14	Jan-13	vs Jan-13	YTD
	Rate	7 Day (%)		2.0%	4.52%	3.90%	1	4.46%
		30 Day (%)		8.3%	8.41%	8.44%	1	9.06%
Clinical	CQUIN				Feb-14	Feb-13	vs Feb-13	YTD
Effectiveness	CQUIN	Standard Contract CQUIN		Multiple			↔	
		Specialist CQUIN		Multiple				
		Bed Occupancy (%)		-	90.94%	93.91%	1	92.72%
	Bed	Extra Beds (%)		-	6.34%	8.65%	j i	-
	Usage	Outliers		-	22.82	39.21	j	341.35
	Š	Delayed Transfers of Care (Av	verage)	-	41.50	45.00	j	38.81

NB: RAMI - Data sharing agreements with CHKS have now been resolved. An up to date RAMI position will be published in the near future.

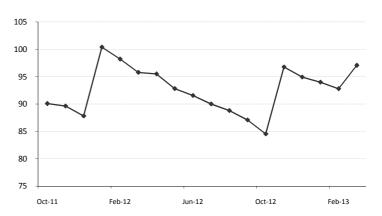


CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: MORTALITY RATES

Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio (HSMR) - All Discharges

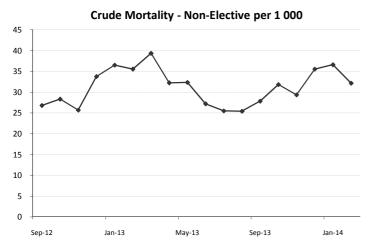


Risk-Adjusted Mortality (RAMI) - All Discharges

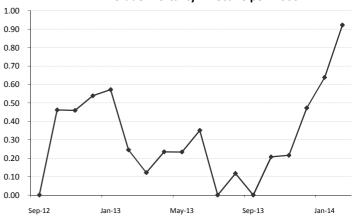


Performance at Trust level remains good across all mortality indicators with the 12 month rolling HSMR equalling 82.6 at the end of Dec-13 (that is, showing a 0.9 increase upon Nov-13), and is in line with the trend demonstrated by the crude mortality metric. This also is a reflection of seasonal fluctuations, although it is hoped rates will be more consistent during Q4.

Data sharing agreements with CHKS have now been resolved and data are being uploaded for the current financial year. It is hoped that an up to date RAMI position will be published in the near future.

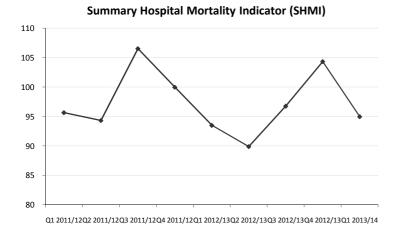


Crude Mortality - Elective per 1 000



Crude mortality for non-elective patients shows a fairly seasonal trend with deaths higher during the winter months. The winter peak during 2012/13 extended further into the spring than normal, with a reduction to expected levels occurring in June rather than in April/May. Following this trend, Feb-14 performance equalled 32.156 deaths per 1 000 population and as such shows a slight decrease on the previous month.

During February elective crude mortality was 0.923 deaths per 1 000 population. This continues the increase seen in previous months, although the increase was more constant than had been previously seen. Although an overall sharp rise, it remains in line with previous good performance and follows seasonal trends. However, this increase is currently under review and is being investigated.



The Summary Hospital Mortality Indicator (SHMI) includes "in hospital" and "out of hospital" deaths within 30 days of discharge. These data are supplied by an external party and are updated on a quarterly basis. During the latter part of 2011/12 SHMI for EKHUFT was higher than other mortality indicators at over 100. Improvements have been made over the last year, and the data up to the end of Q2 2012/13 show an improved position, reducing to 90 over the period of 3 quarters. The most recent data to be published (Q1 2013/14) show a decrease against Q4 2012/13 and are in line with levels last seen at Q1 2012/13.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: RISK MANAGEMENT



Serious Incidents - Open Cases

Date					Timely
Incident	STEIS Report	Summary of Serious Incident & Remedial Action Taken	IX lv	Division	Timely Submit?
9-Jan-14	25-Feb-14	Venous Thombo Embolism Death - 6 weeks post op		Surgical	Not Due
19-Feb-14	25-Feb-14	Neonatal Death at 24 weeks		Specialist	Not Due
10-Dec-13	5-Feb-14	Unexpected Death - retroperitoneal haematoma	1	Surgical & UCLTC	Not Due
18-Jan-14	24-Jan-14	Unexpected Death - sepsis	1	UCLTC	Not Due
24-Jan-14	24-Jan-14	Neonatal Death - unexpected breach delivery at home, taken to QEH	2	Specialist	Not Due
21-Nov-13	16-Jan-14	Unexpected Death - myasthaenia gravis		UCLTC	Not Due
17-Jul-13	10-Jan-14	Radiological Error - missed reporting of carotid stenosis in 2 patients		Clinical	Not Due
28-Nov-13	3-Jan-14	Unexpected Death - hospital associated venous thromboembolism (pulmonary embolism)		UCLTC	Not Due
12-Dec-13	19-Dec-13	Unexpected Death - epileptic patient with ischaemic bowel		UCLTC	Not Due
14-Aug-09	12-Dec-13	Failure to Act - abnormal test results, missed grade 3 leiomyosarcoma		Surgical	Not Due
15-Oct-13	15-Nov-13	Unexpected Death - a subdural haematoma following a fall	2	UCLTC	Yes
6-Nov-13	11-Nov-13	Never Event - misplaced nasogastric tube	2	UCLTC	Not Due
11-Oct-13	30-Oct-13	Allegation against a member of staff	1	UCLTC	Not Due
2-Jun-13	17-Oct-13	Never Event - retained swab post caesarean section	2	Specialist	Yes
28-Aug-13	3-Oct-13	Unexpected Admission - term baby admitted to NICU from MLU via labour ward at QEH	2	Specialist	Yes
Aug-13	14-Aug-13	Media Interest - delayed implementation of PACS/RIS replacement resulting in a backlog of patient bookings across all modalities	0	Clinical Support	Not Due
18-Jun-13	5-Aug-13	Unexpected Death - post-operative emergency following gallbladder surgery	1	Surgical	Yes
16-Mar-13	27-Mar-13	Intrauterine Death - at 24 weeks	1	Specialist	Yes
27-Feb-13	1-Mar-13	Maternal Death - 6 days postpartum	1	Specialist	Yes
22-Jan-13	24-Jan-13	Never Event - wrong site surgery: pleural aspiration	2	UCLTC	Yes
7-Jan-13	11-Jan-13	Never Event - wrong site surgery: Ophthalmology	2	Surgical	Yes
3-Jan-13	8-Jan-13	Neonatal Death - term baby	2	Specialist	Yes
8-Aug-11	13-Sep-12	Media Interest - re: DNR and patient with learning disabilities	1	Corporate	Yes
4-Sep-12	13-Sep-12	Neonatal Death - following shoulder dystocia	1	Specialist	Yes

Serious Incidents - Partially Closed Cases

Serious Incidents closed by KMCS but remaining open on STEIS pending review by external bodies.

Da	te			
Incident	STEIS	Summary of Serious Incident & Remedial Action Taken	IX lv	Division
incident	Report			
17-Jun-13	27-Jun-13	Screening Issue - diabetes eye screening programme and Hospital Eye Services (HES)	1	UCLTC
21-May-13	21-Jun-13	Induction of Labour - term baby developed seizures at 36h	2	Specialist
22-Mar-13	9-Apr-13	Unexpected Death - adult with small bowel obstruction	1	Surgical
22-Nov-12	22-Nov-12	Unexpected admission to NICU		Specialist

Serious Incidents - Closed Cases

Date				
Insident	STEIS	Summary of Serious Incident & Remedial Action Taken	IX lv	Division
Incident	Report			
26-Sep-13	3-Oct-13	Intrauterine Death - at term	1	Specialist

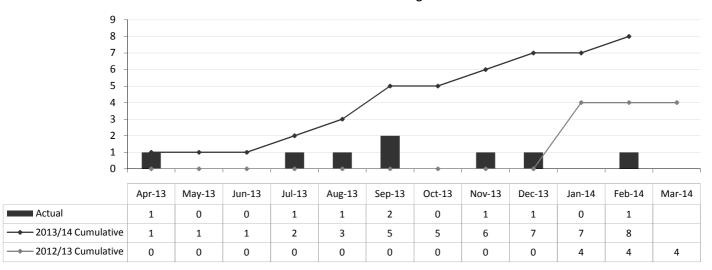
Three serious incidents were reported on STEIS in Feb-14. These were: a death due to a VTE 6 weeks post knee surgery, and a neonatal death at 24 weeks. The Trust has been notified that 1 incident has been closed: an intrauterine death of a term baby. Root Cause Analysis (RCA) reports have been presented to the Risk Management Governance Group by the Divisions responsible. These included the findings of the investigation and action plans to take forward recommendations, including mechanisms for monitoring and sharing learning. At the end of Feb-14 there were 28 serious incidents open. The CCGs have agreed closure of 4 of these serious incidents pending an area team review.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: HOSPITAL ACQUIRED INFECTIONS

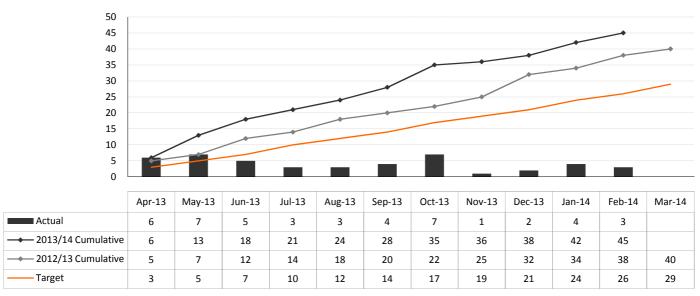
Both MRSA and C difficile numbers have increased during 2013/14 compared with the previous year, and in response the Infection Prevention and Control Team (IPCT) have launched a comprehensive programme of education and support in all clinical areas. Areas addressed include compliance with MRSA and C difficile infection control policies and close supervision of broad spectrum antimicrobial prescribing.

MRSA Bacteraemia - Trust Assigned Cases



There was 1 post 48h MRSA bacteraemia during Feb-14. This case is awaiting assignment by the Post Infection Review Process. The bacteraemia resulted from parotid infection, a classic complication of Staphylococcal carriage. The cumulative total of Trust assigned MRSA cases remains at 7 (pending assignment of the new case), and represents an increase in the number of cases seen in the 2 previous years when 4 post 48h cases each year were attributed to EKHUFT. The most recent case belongs to the Lyon clone of MRSA which has been present in East Kent since 2011 and has been responsible for 3 other MRSA bacteraemia cases during the past 11 months.

Clostridium difficile - Incidents Post 72h



There were 3 post 72h C difficile cases in February following 4 cases in January. The overall trend since Q2 has been a return to the low baseline established in the 2 previous years. The Infection Prevention and Control Team expect that the Q1 - Q4 total will be below the NHS average rate for acute Trusts despite being above the Department of Health local target. The cumulative number of cases for Apr-13 to Feb-14 (ie 45) is close to the recently published DH target for EKHUFT of 47 cases for the coming year 2014/15.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: HOSPITAL ACQUIRED INFECTIONS



Escherichia coli Bacteraemia - Incidents Pre and Post 48h

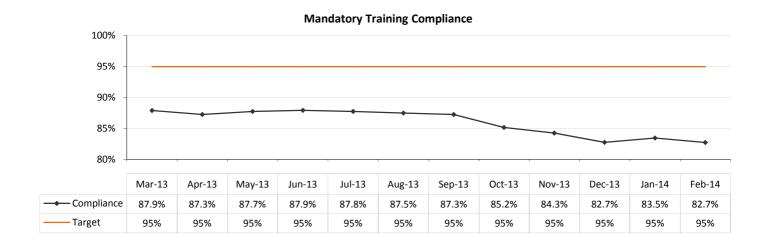
		Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Monthly Average	Total Apr - Feb
2013/14	Pre 48h	30	33	41	37	28	42	36	36	26	31	29		33.5	369
2013/14	Post 48h	4	3	4	12	3	12	10	4	8	8	6		6.7	74
2012/12	Pre 48h	30	27	20	33	34	37	39	22	28	30	25	34	29.9	325
2012/13	Post 48h	11	8	3	9	6	5	5	5	2	4	8	8	6.2	66

Ecoli is the most frequent cause of blood stream infection locally and nationally. All cases are reported to the Public Health England mandatory database each month which provides an opportunity for comparison with other trusts. The Ecoli rate/100 000 occupied bed days is high in East Kent (123 compared with the NHS average of 93). The reason for this high rate is unknown, but may be due to differences in population demographics. (In contrast to the high Ecoli rate/bed-day the Ecoli rate/head of population is close to, or below, the national average).

More than 80% of cases of Ecoli bacteraemia are present at the time of admission to hospital and, therefore, in most cases represent community acquired infection. There were 29 pre 48h and 6 post 48h Ecoli infections in Feb-14. This is similar to the monthly totals reported during the previous 10 months. Cases were evenly distributed between hospital sites and provide no evidence of hospital acquired infection. The trend for increased pre and post 48h cases in 2013/14 is reflected in both national and local Ecoli totals for NHS Trusts in England (Public Health England data).



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: INFECTION PREVENTION & CONTROL



	Feb-14							
	Target	Trust	Clinical Support Services	Corporate	Specialist Services	Strat Dev & Capt Pln	Surgical Services	UCLTC
Mandatory Comparative Data for Biennial Training Compliance	95%	82.7%	83.0%	83.4%	80.1%	94.1%	82.3%	82.7%

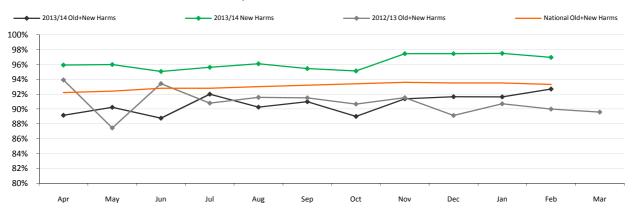
Compliance Against Performance							
	Achieving or exceeding performance metric						
	0-10% underperformance against metric						
	10-20% underperformance against metric						

Trust wide mandatory Infection Prevention and Control training compliance has declined slightly, from 83.5% in January to 82.7% in February. Compliance within Corporate Services has decreased from 86.8% to 83.4%, and Specialist Services from 81.3% to 80.1%. However, compliance within Strategic Development and Capital Planning, has increased from 93.2% to 94.1%.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: HARM FREE CARE

Safety Thermometer Harm Free Care



The chart above shows the percentage of Harm Free Care expressed as a one-day snapshot in each month. It is known as the NHS Safety Thermometer and is a quick and simple method for surveying patient harms. The aim of the Safety Thermometer is to identify, through a monthly survey of all adult inpatients, the percentage of patients who receive Harm Free Care. Four areas of harm are currently measured:

- All grades of pressure ulcers whether acquired in hospital or before admission;
- All falls whether they occurred in hospital or before admission;
- Urinary tract infection (inpatients with a catheter);
- Venous thromboembolism, risk assessment and appropriate prevention.

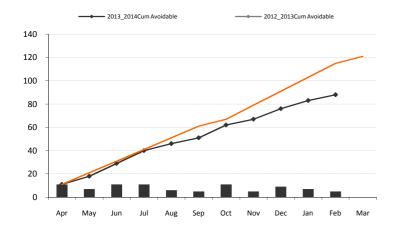
The strength of the NHS Safety Thermometer lies in allowing front line teams to measure how safe their services are and to deliver improvement locally. There are several different ways in which harm in healthcare is measured and there are strengths and limitations to the range of approaches available. The NHS Safety Thermometer measures prevalence of harms, rather than incidence, by surveying all appropriate patients on one day every month to count all occurrences of harms.

Harm Free Care includes both harms acquired in hospital ("new harms") and those acquired before admission to hospital ("old harms"). There is limited ability to influence "old harms" if a patient is admitted following a fall at home, or with a pressure ulcer, but these are included in the overall performance reported to the Health and Social Care Information Centre. "New harms only" are included separately when reporting performance to Divisional teams to enable success to be celebrated and to incentivise improvement. Harm Free Care performance is incorporated within the monthly ward quality dashboard and is triangulated with the existing funded establishment, acuity and dependency of patients, and effectiveness of rostering to enable analysis of influencing factors and thereby focusing improvement actions. In Feb-14, the Trust's own score was 97.0% showing that those patients in our care have a greater harm free experience. This is above the national figure of 93.3% and is the area we can influence the most. This value has remained similar to last month. The total percentage of Harm Free Care ("old and new harms") has improved since last month (91.6%) and is 92.7%, just below the national figure. Both the Tissue Viability Team and the Falls Prevention Team are working towards developing action plans to reduce these incidents occurring in our care. The way we collect these data has been reviewed to ensure greater accuracy so that we can make the quality improvements we need to.

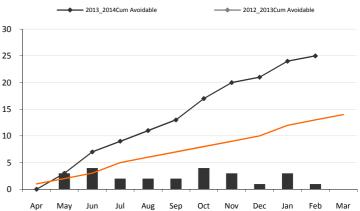


CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: HARM FREE CARE

Grade 2 Incidence Trajectory 2013/14 20% Reduction (CQUIN)



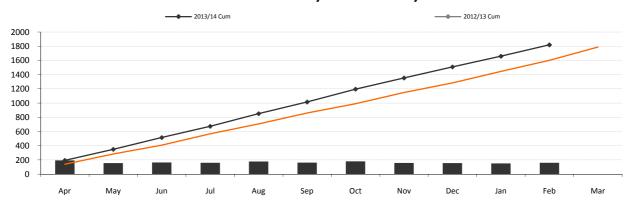
Grade 3 and 4 Incidence Trajectory 2013/14 50% Reduction



In February, 19 hospital acquired grade 2 pressure ulcers were reported, of which 5 were deemed as avoidable. Although the number of reported ulcers increased by 4, avoidable ulcers reduced by 2 from the previous month. Spot check audits of pressure ulcer standards undertaken during February suggest improvements in risk assessments, skin assessments and associated documentation. However, ensuring sufficient repositioning and heel off-loading technique still require improvement. Special turning 'clocks' are being piloted on Harbledown ward to raise awareness of repositioning schedules.

In February, there were 9 deep ulcers (grades 3 and 4) reported. Full investigations of 5 of these incidents has occurred, and 1 was found to be avoidable due to insufficient heel off-loading. Four incidents are awaiting multidisciplinary assessment meetings and are due to be completed during the week commencing 10 Mar-14. Seven of these reported ulcers were at QEH, and the ulcers were mainly sited at the heel. Urgent actions (to be overseen by the Task and Finish Group) are underway to eliminate avoidable heel pressure damage. This includes a new 'Think Heel' campaign which is scheduled to commence in Apr-14.

Patient Falls - Injurious and Non-Injurious



Work continues with the Harm Prevention Action Group to streamline the Risk Assessment Booklet in order to reduce duplication of assessments and the time taken to complete them. The focus will then be to ensure interventions are put in place to minimise risk and harm, therefore driving up standards. Although there have been more falls, and more falls resulting in fractures, over the last year, data for the past 5 years shows a downward trend in the number of falls in total and falls resulting in fractures. Over the coming year a proposed Safety Thermometer CQUIN target will be aimed at reducing harm from falls. Areas for action are full implementation of the new Falls Risk Assessment and Care Plan, compliance with link worker mandatory training, and compliance with the risk assessment (focus on assessment and management of postural hypotension and strength and balance assessment and exercise interventions). Alongside this the Harm Prevention Action Group are beginning to plan educational awareness events to inform frontline staff of the need to consider all "risks" to the patient as many patients have multiple risks. For example, patients with Dementia are more likely to fall and are also more prone to nutritional problems whilst patients with movement problems have an increased risk of pressure ulcers.

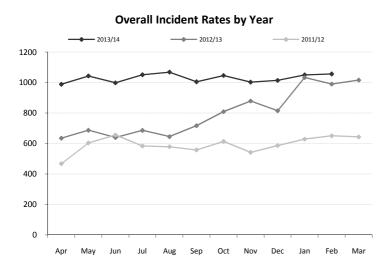


CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: CLINICAL INCIDENTS

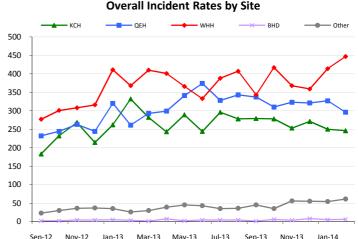


In Feb-14 a total of 1057 clinical incidents and patient falls were reported. This includes 5 (which are under investigation) incidents graded as death and 1 (which is under investigation) graded as severe. Unapproved incidents may be downgraded following investigation. In addition to these 5 serious incidents, 26 incidents have been escalated as serious near misses, of which 4 have been finally approved.

Three serious incidents were required to be reported on STEIS in February. One case has been closed since the last report; there remain 28 serious incidents open at the end of February of which 4 have been closed by the KMCS pending review of external bodies before closure on STEIS.

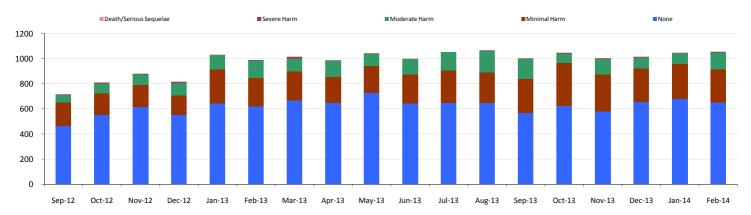


A total of 1057 clinical incidents have been logged in February compared with 1050 recorded for Jan-14

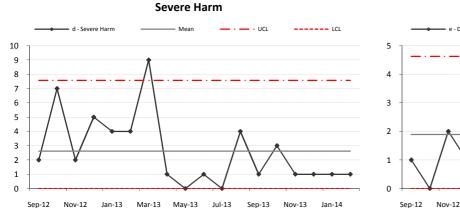


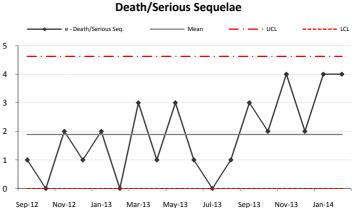
Incident numbers for February at WHH have risen slightly, whereas a decrease in clinical incidents is evident at KCH and QEH.

Clinical Incidents by Severity



The incidents graded as moderate, serious and death have all been subject to review in order to confirm the consistency of the grading of harm across the Trust. The Board of Directors may see a change in this report to reflect the re-categorisation process undertaken. This is consistent with the data presented in the Quality Account and Quality Report.



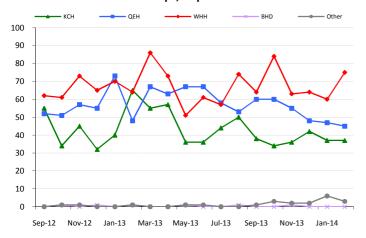


The number of death/serious and severe harm incidents reported in Feb-14 remains subject to the usual RCA investigation and review. It is possible that the severity of these cases will be downgraded once the investigation process is completed. In Feb-14, the number of incidents graded as death is on a par with previous months and are currently under investigation.



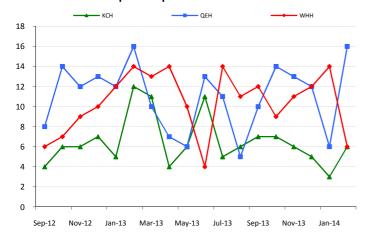
CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: CLINICAL INCIDENTS

Patient Slips, Trips and Falls



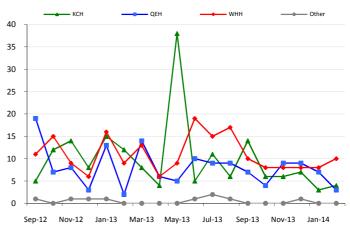
Of the 160 patient falls recorded for February (150 in January), none were graded as severe or death. There were 89 falls resulting in no injury, 64 in low harm and 7 in moderate harm. The top reporting wards were CDU (WHH) with 17 falls; Fordwich Stroke Unit (QEH) and Cambridge M2 (WHH) with 8 each; Kings D Male (WHH), Oxford (WHH) and Harvey (KCH) with 7 each; Deal (QEH) and Cambridge L (WHH) with 6 each. The remaining wards reported 5 or less falls. Of the 7 moderate harm falls, 5 resulted in fractures and occurred on Minster (QEH), Kings C2 (WHH), Kent (KCH), Cambridge M1 (WHH) and CDU (WHH). A Root Cause Analysis (RCA) is carried out for all falls resulting in serious harm or fracture.

Hospital Acquired Pressure Ulcers



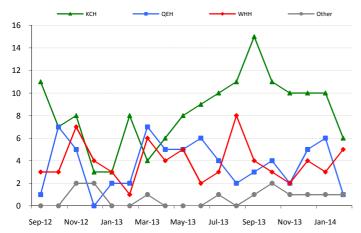
In February there were 28 reported incidents of pressure ulcers developing in hospital (23 in January). This included 19 grade 2 pressure ulcers, 9 grade 3 and no grade 4. Six have been assessed as avoidable, 16 as unavoidable and 6 not yet assessed (awaiting RCAs). The highest reporting wards were Deal (QEH) with 4; Bishopstone (QEH) with 3 incidents; Kings D Female (WHH), ITU (QEH), Seabathing (QEH), St Margaret's (QEH) and Kings C1 (WHH) with 2 incidents each.

Delay in Providing Treatment



There were 17 incidents resulting in delay in providing treatment during February compared with 18 in January. No incidents have been graded as death or severe harm. One incident was graded as moderate, 3 graded as low and 13 resulted in no harm, which included 5 serious near misses. Themes in location: 3 incidents occurred at QEH; 10 incidents occurred at WHH (of which 2 occurred in A&E), and 4 incidents occurred at KCH, of which 2 occurred in Cathedral Day Unit.

Incorrect Data in Patient Notes

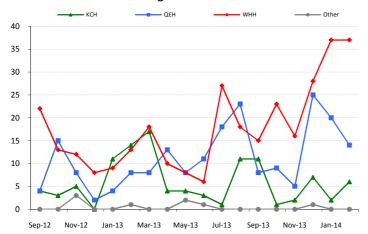


There were 13 incidents of incorrect data in patients' notes reported as occurring in February (20 in January), all of which were graded as no harm. Twelve incidents related to incorrect data in paper notes and 1 to incorrect data on patient's electronic record (Patient Centre Euroking). Of the incidents reported, 6 were identified at KCH, 1 at QEH, 5 at WHH and 1 at RVHF. The highest reporting area was Outpatients (KCH) with 3 incidents.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT SAFETY: CLINICAL INCIDENTS

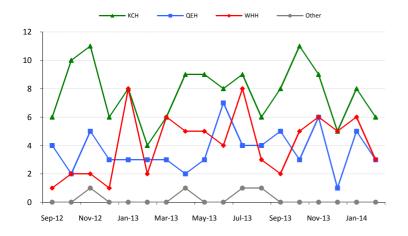
Staffing Level Difficulties



There were 57 incidents recorded in February (59 in January). These included 23 incidents relating to insufficient nurses and midwives, 3 to inadequate skill mix, 1 to insufficient doctors, and 30 to general staffing level difficulties. Top reporting locations were Singleton Unit (WHH) with 19 incidents, Folkestone (WHH) with 4, Pharmacy (WHH) with 3, A&E (QEH) with 3, and St Augustine's (QEH) with 3 incidents.

Six incidents occurred at KCH, 14 at QEH and 37 at WHH. Fifty six incidents were graded as no harm and 1 as low harm.

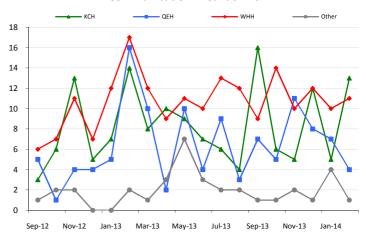
Blood Transfusion Errors



Medicines Management 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 Nov-12 Jan-13 Mar-13 May-13 Jul-13 Sep-13 Nov-13

There were 92 medication incidents reported as occurring in February (123 in January).

Communication Breakdowns



In Feb-14 there were 29 incidents of communication breakdown (26 in January). Of these, 16 involved staff to staff communication failures, 12 were staff to patient, and 1 was staff to relative (or other visitor). Of the 29 incidents reported, 13 were reported as occurring at KCH, 4 at QEH, 11 at WHH and 1 in the community. Themes by location: Day Surgery (KCH) and Outpatients (KCH) reported 3 incidents each; Celia Blakey Centre (WHH), Folkestone (WHH) and Padua (WHH) reported 2 incidents each. Incidents in February were graded as follows: 26 as no harm and 3 as low harm.

In February, there were 13 blood transfusion errors reported (19 in January). No main themes arose in the period. Of the 13 incidents reported, 12 were graded no harm, 1 as low harm. Reporting by site: 7 at KCH of which 2 occurred on Kent; 3 at QEH, and 3 occurred at WHH of which 2 occurred on ITU.

Medicines Management

Category	Feb-14
Prescribing	26
Dispensing	10
Administering	42
Missing (lost or stock discrepancy)	9
Shortage (drug unavailable)	2
Suspected adverse reaction	1
Infusion problems (drug related)	0
Infusion injury (extravasation)	2
TOTAL	92

Of the 92 reported, 75 were graded as no harm including 27 serious near misses, 13 as low harm and 3 as moderate harm. One serious incident was reported (severe harm) and is currently under investigation. Top reporting areas were: Cheerful Sparrows Female (QEH) reported 6; Folkestone (WHH), CDU (WHH) and Marlowe (KCH) each reported 4 incidents; Celia Blakey Centre (WHH), Cathedral Day Unit (KCH), CDU (KCH), Harbledown (KCH) and Pharmacy (KCH) reported 3 incidents each. Other areas reported 2 or less incidents. Twenty eight were reported at KCH, 27 at QEH, 35 at WHH, and 2 incidents at other sites.

CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY

East Kent Hospitals University

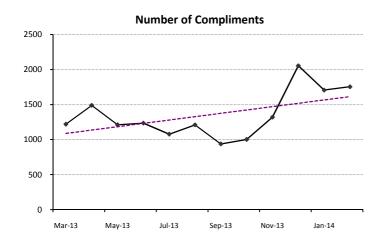
NHS Foundation Trust

PATIENT EXPERIENCE: CONCERNS, COMPLAINTS & COMPLIMENTS

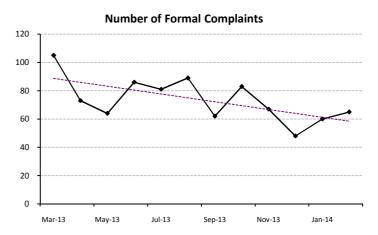
The experience of the patients and their families is of paramount importance to the Trust. Patient views are sought via a number of ways including the Patient Opinion website, the Friends and Family Test, via NHS Choices and also through the Trust's formal systems. This report provides the Board of Directors with activity and performance information about the complaints, concerns, comments and compliments in Feb-14. The information reported is for cases received in month and formal cases with target dates due that month.

• Activity: Formal complaints - 65; informal contacts - 287 (with 45 for information and enquiry); compliments - 1754.

The charts below show the number of complaints and compliments received on a monthly basis. One formal complaint has been received for every 1175 recorded spells of care (inpatient, outpatient and A&E attendances) in comparison with January's figures where 1 formal complaint was received for every 1417 recorded spells of care.







The number of formal complaints received has increased by 8% compared to Jan-14, and has decreased by 28% since Feb-13. The number of informal contacts has increased by 4% compared to the previous month, and has also increased by 51% compared to Feb-13.

Top Five Concerns Expressed in Formal Complaints February 2014

Concerns					
	Incomplete examination carried out	8			
Concern about	Lack of/inappropriate pain management	4			
Clinical	End of life/palliative care issues	2			
Management	Referral issues	1			
	Scans/X-rays not taken	1			
Problems with	Mis-diagnosis	8			
Diagnosis	Delay in receiving diagnosis	2			
Diagnosis	Missed fracture/or other medical problem	1			
Problem with	Problem with doctor's attitude	4			
Attitude	Problems with nurse's attitude	2			
Attitude	Problems with other staff attitude	2			
Problems with Discharge	Unfit for discharge/or poor arrangements	6			
Arrangements	Unhappy about follow-up arrangements/care	1			
	Delays in receiving treatment	3			
Delays	Delay in receiving X-ray results	1			
Delays	Delay with elective admission	1			
	Delays in being seen in A&E	1			

The common themes raised within the top 5 informal concerns are led by delays, followed by problems with appointments, problems with communication, problems with attitude, and problems with discharge arrangements.

With regards to formal complaints, the highest recurring subjects raised in Feb-14 were concerns about clinical management, problems with diagnosis, problems with attitude, problems with discharge arrangements, and problems with delays.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY



PATIENT EXPERIENCE: CONCERNS, COMPLAINTS & COMPLIMENTS, & PHSO

Concerns, Complaints and Compliments - Divisional Performance

February 2014

		Divisiona	Divisional Performance			
Division	Formal Complaints	Compliments	Informal Contacts	Compliments: Complaints	First Response Met	Returning Complaints
Clinical Support	1	95	40	95:1	0 of 1	1
Specialist Services	6	598	38	99:1	7 of 10	4
Surgical Services	31	507	107	16:1	11 of 13	8
UCLTC	27	554	59	20:1	20 of 21	4
Corporate	0	0	28	0:0	1 of 1	0
Other	0	0	15	0:0	0	0
TOTAL	65	1754	287	27:1	39 of 46	17

Compliance Against First Response Met					
	<u>></u> 85 - 100%				
	75 - 84%				
	<75%				

The table above shows the monthly Divisional activity and performance for Feb-14, reporting on the percentage of cases where target dates falling within the month have been met. The first response date is the date agreed with the client for the receipt of a substantive response to their complaints; this will either be via a letter or at a meeting.

During Feb-14 the data show that 84.8% of these responses were sent out on target.

Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman (PHSO) Cases - Latest Action

Status of Cases	Actions in Feb-14
Cases carried over from previous month	16
New cases referred to the Trust	3
Cases closed by PHSO	2
Current open cases with the PHSO	17

The PHSO is the second and last stage of the National Complaints process and it is open to all clients to approach the Office if they are dissatisfied with the way their formal complaint has been handled.

In February, the PHSO have been in contact with the Trust with regards to 3 new cases brought to their attention, that is, 2 cases relating to the Surgical Division and 1 case linked to UCLTC. The PHSO have requested papers from the Trust and comments from the Divisions involved. During the month two cases, both under formal investigation, were closed, and both cases were not upheld.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT EXPERIENCE: FFT & WE CARE PROGRAMME

East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust

Friends and Family Test (FFT)

The Friends and Family Test asks the patient how likely they are to recommend the ward or A&E department to their friends or family. The scoring ranges from:

- · Extremely likely;
- · Likely;
- · Neither likely nor unlikely;
- · Unlikely;
- · Extremely unlikely.

There is also a "don't know" option which isn't scored, and an opportunity to write further comments. Nationally, Trusts are measured using the Net Promoter Score (NPS) where a score of approximately 50 is deemed good. EKHUFT's NPS was 54 in February, the same as in January. This is the combined satisfaction from 2848 responses from inpatients and A&E. Maternity services achieved 655 responses. The NPS for inpatients was 70, for A&E 32, and for Maternity 77. Further work is underway regarding the low A&E NPS.

The company iWantGreatCare which reports FFT data on behalf of the Trust have converted the NPS into a "star score" value (ranging from 0 to 5) thus making the interpretation of FFT results easier. The star score is calculated using an arithmetic mean, so a ward that scores 4 stars has an overall average rating of "likely" to be recommended. The Trust score for February was 4.5 stars out of 5 stars and is similar to last month.

The response rate for Feb-14 for inpatients and A&E combined achieved the 15% standard this month at 20.72% and awaits Unify2 validation. Once again the wards exceeded the 15% standard with a 32.81% response rate. The A&E departments achieved 13.61% this month, and Maternity services achieved 20.99% combined.

We Care Programme

In order to improve the experience for patients and their visitors, as well as ensuring we look after one another, the Trust is working on the "We Care" Programme. After listening to over 1500 patients and members of staff 3 new Trust values and behaviour standards have been developed. They describe how the Trust employees aim to interact with patients, family members and each other. These values and standards also outline the Trust's ambition to "show that we care" and to provide an excellent experience for everyone who works within the Trust. They will become an integral part of the Trust's working practices and will be used to guide staff recruitment and appraisal processes, illustrate how both patients and colleagues will be cared for, and how improvements in their experience will be measured.

The values and standards are listed below. Each of these will be evidenced through a more detailed description of the behaviours that staff and patients want to see.

- CARING: People will feel cared for as individuals. Because we are welcoming and polite; attentive and helpful; we respect people, their dignity and their time, and we have the courage to speak up when others don't.
- SAFE: People will feel safe, reassured and involved. Because we are consistently safe and reassuringly professional, we listen and communicate clearly, and we work as an effective team.
- MAKING A DIFFERENCE: People will feel confident we are making a difference. Because we take responsibility for delivering the best outcomes, act as leaders where we can, and we look to improve and develop ourselves and our services.

In August a summer campaign was undertaken which focused on the mealtime experience, pain management, hand hygiene and seeking and giving feedback. Events took place across the Trust during October by frontline staff. These have sought feedback from patients and families, as well as having discussions about the We Care values within teams. The Steering Group are currently working on the development of the We Care Programme going forward. This includes designing a Trust wide organisational development plan and embedding the values and behaviours into everyday practice.

We have undergone a "branding" piece of work that ensures our communications with each other and the public are empathetic and sensitive. This has been labelled the 'Tone of Voice' work led by Human Resources. In addition, work is in progress to embed the values as part of job advertisements, the recruitment process, and our engagement with staff. The roll out of the "We Care" Champions has commenced following the approval by the Board of Directors of the Trust values. More events are also scheduled for March to engage staff and patients in the delivery of the values.



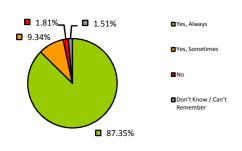
CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY

East Kent Hospitals University NHS

PATIENT EXPERIENCE: REAL-TIME MONITORING QUESTIONNAIRE

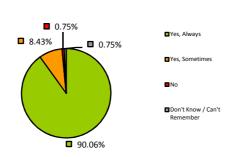
Real time patient experience monitoring using iPads have captured data since 1 Apr-13. During Feb-14, 664 adult inpatients were asked about their experiences of being an inpatient; 116 responses were received from patients treated at KCH, 172 from QEH patients, and 376 responses from patients based at WHH. (Compared with the previous month the number of responses were 47, 129 and 443 respectively). The combined result from all submitted questionnaires in Feb-14 was that 87.68% satisfaction.

Were you given enough privacy when discussing your treatment?



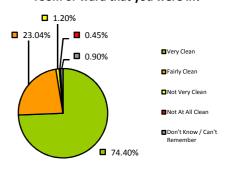
Overall Score = 93.43%

Overall, did you feel you were treated with respect and dignity while you were in hospital?



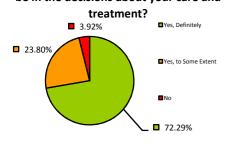
Overall Score = 94.99%

In your opinion, how clean was the hospital room or ward that you were in?

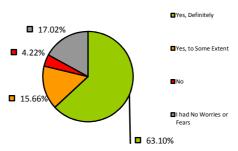


Overall Score = 90.98%

Were you involved as much as you wanted to Did you find someone on the hospital staff to be in the decisions about your care and

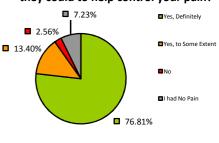


talk about your worries and fears?



Overall Score = 85.40%

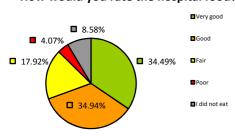
Do you think the hospital staff did everything they could to help control your pain?



Overall Score = 90.02%

How would you rate the hospital food?

Overall Score = 84.19%



Overall Score = 69.74%

Overall Adult Inpatient Experience									
Feb-14									
Experience (%)	No. of Responses								
87.68	664								

In response to the question "How would you rate the hospital food?" patients are able to answer "very good, good, fair, poor, or I did not eat". This replicates the methodology of the annual national CQC inpatient survey which respectively canvases the opinion of 850 EKHUFT inpatients. In 2012 the results of the national survey indicated that patients rated EKHUFT hospital food below average (52%) when compared with other Trusts. Countrywide the top 20% of Trusts achieved scores of 64 - 79% in response to "How would you rate the hospital food?", suggesting that the survey methodology does not produce very high scores. In the 3 month period form Dec-13 to Feb-14 the real-time monitoring of inpatient experience at KCH, QEH and WHH rated hospital food as 67%, 69% and 71% respectively, and the Trust overall scored 70%. Therefore, if the results of the national CQC inpatient survey in 2013 follow the trend displayed by EKHUFT real-time patient experience monitoring, EKHUFT hospital food will potentially be rated in the top 20%.



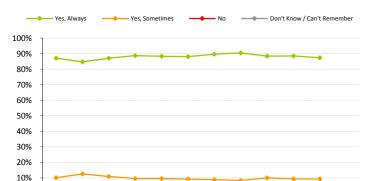
0%

CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY

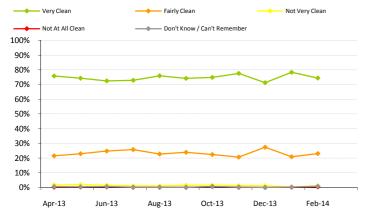
East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust

PATIENT EXPERIENCE: REAL-TIME MONITORING QUESTIONNAIRE

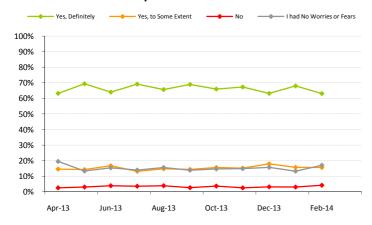
Were you given enough privacy when discussing your treatment?



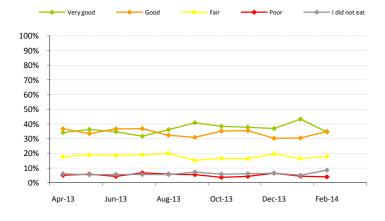
In your opinion, how clean was the hospital room or ward that you were in?



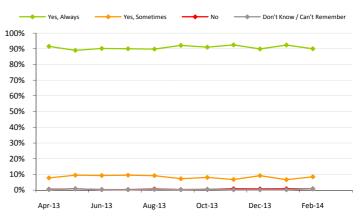
Did you find someone on the hospital staff to talk about your worries and fears?



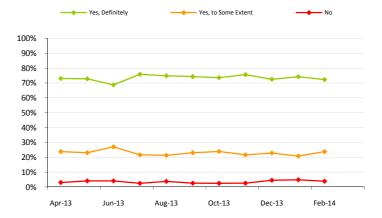
How would you rate the hospital food?



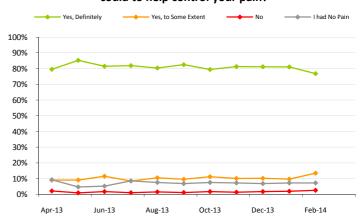
Overall, did you feel you were treated with respect and dignity while you were in hospital?



Were you involved as much as you wanted to be in the decisions about your care and treatment?



Do you think the hospital staff did everything they could to help control your pain?



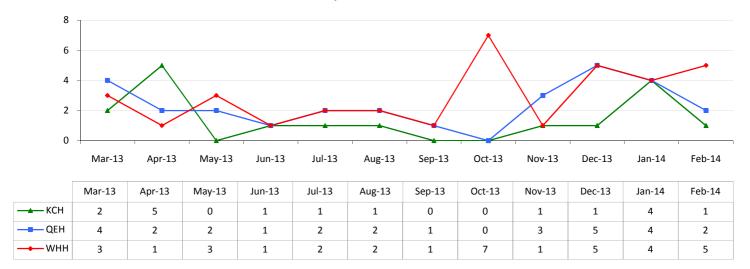
Initiatives are in place to improve nutrition for the Trust's patients, such as a choice of 24 different hot meal options per lunchtime menu, finger foods for those who can not use cutlery, puréed meals, picture menus and assistance when needed. We are working closely with our cleaning teams to ensure that the environment, both clinical and communal, are of a high standard. In addition we are planning events to take place during the Nutrition and Hydration week in March.



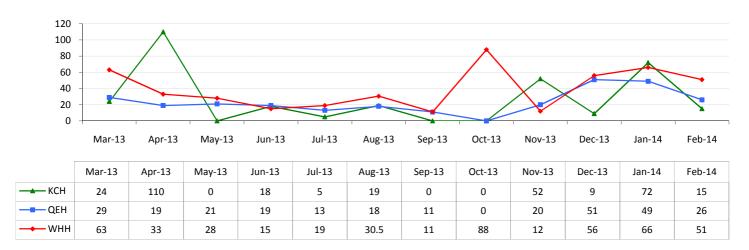
CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY PATIENT EXPERIENCE: MIXED SEX ACCOMMODATION

East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust

Number of Episodes of Mixed Sex Occurrence



Number of Hours of Mixed Sex Occurrence



Mixed Sex Accommodation Occurrrences February 2014

Site	Clinical Area	Total No. of Occurrences	Total No. of Patients Affected
KCH	Kingston	1	3
QEH	CDU	1	4
QEH	Fordwich	1	4
WHH	CDU	4	27
WHH	RSU	1	4
TOTAL		8	42

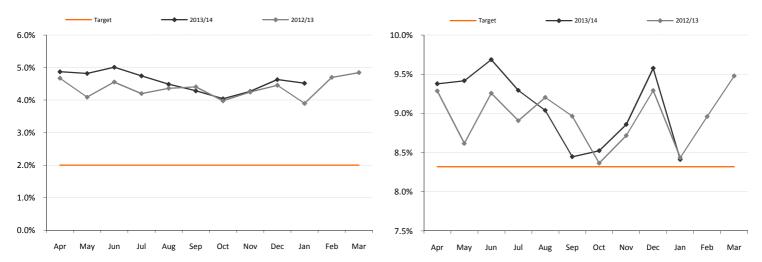
During Feb-14 there were no reportable mixed sex accommodation breaches to NHS England via the Unify2 system. These were not reported as they complied with CCG criteria, such as clinical need. There were 8 clinically justified mixed sex accommodation occurrences affecting 42 patients. The Trust is working closely with the CCGs in order to ensure that mixed sex accommodation occurrences are minimised as much as possible. This includes reviewing the local policy for delivering same sex accommodation and refreshing the acceptable justifiable criteria as outlined in the 2010 national guidance. Building works are continuing in the CDU at KCH in order to provide additional toilet and shower facilities. It is worth noting that none of February's occurrences were in the CDU at KCH. Collaborative work continues with the CCGs where the policy scenarios are being revised. This is due to be discussed at the Quality Meeting with the CCGs where the policy will be refreshed and agreed collaboratively.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS: READMISSION RATES

Re-Admission Rate - 7 Day

Re-Admission Rate - 30 Day



Progress continues in the right direction. The 30 day readmission rate for Jan-14 at 8.41% is 0.03% better than January last year. The YTD position shows a 0.04% improvement on the previous month. Delivery of the readmission target rate of 8.32% by the end of Mar-14 remains a significant challenge with an overall downward trend forecast for Mar-14.



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS: CQUIN MONTHLY MONITORING AND PERFORMANCE



		CQUIN		2012/13 Baseline	2013/14 Target	YTD Status	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year End Position
Performance		3 Million Lives: Use of Teleheatlh Technologies	h/Telecare	Zero	Baseline and trajectories in place																		
Ę		International and Commercial A	ctivity	NA	Process in place																		
erfe		Digital First		Various	Baseline & trajectories in place																		
_	Pre-Qualification	Support for Carers of Dementia	Sufferers	NA	Signposting carers																		
Commentary	Criteria	3 Million Lives: Use of Teleheatlh Technologies	h/Telecare	Response to Commissi	oners sent Apr-13 containing a summary of	baseline an	d trajectori	es for 3 Mi	llion Lives (1	elehealth)	and Digital	First activit	y. The resp	onse also ir	ıcludes com	mentary o	n the other	Pre-Qualific	ation Crite	ria applical	ole this year	· (Internatio	onal and
E		International and Commercial A	ctivity		nd providing support to carers of patients																		vity. For the
E		Digital First		signposting carers of d	ementia sufferers the Trust already provide	patients wi	th literatur	e signpostii	ng them to	support org	anisations.	Performan	ce will be a	vailable fol	lowing impl	ementation	n of the mo	nthly audit o	of carers de	escribed in	the individu	ial CQUIN.	
		Support for Carers of Dementia	Sufferers																				
		National CQUINS																					
		1.1 Increased Response Rate for	Inpatients	1.3%	Increased response rate	32.8%	0.5%	0.6%	2.7%	9.1%	18.4%	23.3%	24.3%	26.5%	26.9%	26.5%	32.8%		2.5%	16.9%	25.9%		
	Friends and	Inpatients and A&E	A&E	3.9%	Increased response rate	13.6%	4.6%	4.0%	3.1%	1.7%	5.4%	6.5%	5.8%	7.6%	15.0%	13.4%	13.6%		3.1%	4.5%	9.5%		
	Family Test	1.2 Phased Expansion		NA	Rollout to maternity by Oct-13									1.8%	18.7%	28.4%	21.0%						
		1.3 Improved Performance on Staff	Survey	55%	Improvement												57.0%					57.0%	
		2.1 Monthly Safety Thermometer Da	ata Collection	100% submitted	100% each quarter	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100.0%	100.0%		100%	100%	100.0%		
mance	Safety Thermometer	2 Incidence of Avoidable Grade 2 Pressure Ulcers		151	20% reduction in avoidable grade 2 pressure ulcers from 12/13 baseline - no more than 121 in year	83	11	7	11	11	6	5	11	5	9	7			29	22	25		
Perform		Dementia Case Finding 95.8% Q4 12/13 Average of 90% in each of the elements		96.6%	96.9%	97.4%	99.3%	98.8%	100.0%	99.2%	99.6%	98.7%	99.8%			96.9%	99.4%	99.1%					
- F	Improving	3.1 Dementia Assessment within 72	h	87.2% Q4 12/13	of the indicator each month for any 3		79.5%	75.7%	79.5%	90.7%	95.1%	95.0%	92.5%	95.4%	95.7%	93.2%			78.2%	93.6%	94.5%		
	Diagnosis of	Appropriate Referral		100%	consecutive months		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	95.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
	Dementia	3.2 Staff Training		8.5%	20% of appropriate staff trained	21.7%	11.4%	11.4%	13.1%	13.4%	13.3%	14.9%	17.6%	17.9%	20.4%	21.7%			13.1%	14.9%	20.4%		
		3.3 Supporting Carers		NA	Monthly audit of support for carers																		
		4.1 Risk Assessment		95.2%	95.0%	96.3%	98.0%	97.0%	97.0%	97.0%	95.0%	95.0%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%	96.0%		97.3%	95.7%	96.0%		
	VTE	4.2 Root Cause Analyses of PE and D	DVT	40.2% (Jan-13 to Mar-13)	60.0% by Q4	69.5%	78.1%	75.6%	70.0%	60.0%	73.3%	60.0%							74.6%	64.4%			
	Friends and	1.1 Increased Response Rate for Inp	atients and A&E	Combined response ra	tes are meeting 15% national requirements																		
	Family Test	1.2 Phased Expansion		Roll out to maternity w	ent live 30 Sept-13 with the first data subn	nitted to Uni	fy Nov-13.																
	,	1.3 Improved Performance on Staff	Survey	Survey results have co	nfirmed an increase in staff who would reco	mmend the	Trust as a	place to wo	ork or receiv	e treatmen	it, from 55%	6 in 2012/1	3 to 57% in	2013/14.									
	Safety	2.1 Monthly Safety Thermometer Da	ata Collection	Monthly safety thermo	meter data collection is in place from last y	ear.																	
	Thermometer	2.2 Incidence of Avoidable Grade 2 F	Pressure Ulcers	These data are usually	reported 1 month retrospectively, and Janu	ary data are	within tra	jectory (i.e.	83 against	a trajectory	of 103).												
_		Dementia case finding		Performance continue	to meet the requirement to have an avera	ge of 90% o	r greater ea	ch month	for any 3 co	nsecutive n	nonths. No	w eligible fo	r partial pa	yment of 1	/3 related t	o 1 of the 3	3 measures.						
tar		3.1 Dementia assessment within 72	h	Performance now mee	ts the requirement to have an average of 9	0% or greate	er each moi	nth for any	3 consecuti	ve months.	Now eligib	le for partia	al payment	of 1/3 relat	ed to 1 of t	he 3 meası	ıres.						
E E	Improving Diagnosis of	Appropriate referral		Performance continue	to meet the requirement to have an avera	ge of 90% o	r greater ea	ch month	for any 3 co	nsecutive n	nonths. No	w eligible fo	r partial pa	yment of 1	/3 related t	o 1 of the 3	3 measures.						
Comu	Dementia	3.2 Staff training		Plans are in place to er	sure that training continues to be conducted	ed, and the y	ear end ta	rget of 20%	has been a	chieved 1 q	uarter earl	y.											
		3.3 Supporting Carers			r has been documented and process metho Support Organisation. The audit is continui		-						as conduct	ed for 3 mo	onths. Of th	ose, many	were alread	dy receiving	support wi	th only 17%	6 agreeing t	o have thei	r details
		4.1 Risk Assessment		Performance has met	or exceeded the target of 95% of inpatients	assessed (el	ON reporte	d).															
	VTE	4.2 Root Cause Analyses of PE and D	DVT		e conducted on 60% of Hospital Acquired T y reporting has been agreed 1 quarter retr										-			stem is com	plete. This	measure w	ill always h	ave a time l	ag of at least

Compliance Against Performance								
On target								
Monthly target missed; quarterly/annual target at risk								
Monthly target missed; annual target at risk								



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS: CQUIN MONTHLY MONITORING AND PERFORMANCE



	I۵	ocal CQUIN	2012/13	2013/14	1 Target	YTD	Apr-12	May-13	lun-12	Jul-12	Aug-13	Son-12	Oct-12	Nov-12	Doc-12	lan-14	Eob-14	Mar-14	Q1	Q2	Q3	04	Year E
	LO	ocal CQUIN	Baseline	Minimum	Maximum	Status	Apr-13	iviay-13	Jun-13	Jui-13	Aug-13	2eb-13	OCt-13	NOV-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	IVIAT-14	Qı	Q2	Ų3	Ų4	Positio
	5.1	AKI (EQ)	Pilot	Establish	pathway																		
	5.2	#NoF (EQ)	NA	Establish	pathway																		
	5.3	Heart Failure (EQ) (Jul to Dec-13)	40.8%	48.3%	52.8%	73.7%	68.5%	46.4%	50.0%	46.9%	70.7%	65.0%	57.7%	71.0%	90.0%	73.9%	90.9%						
	5.4	CAP (EQ) (Jul to Dec-13)	48.6%	48.1%	58.7%	58.5%	41.0%	46.9%	44.6%	46.7%	47.8%	50.8%	59.0%	53.7%	61.5%	53.6%	62.6%						
Enhancing Quality	5.6	H&K (ER) (Sept-13 to Feb 14)	8.3%	26.2%	38.3%	92.6%	93.1%	91.7%	42.9%	78.8%	91.9%	93.9%	92.9%	93.7%	90.0%				75.9%	88.2%	92.2%		
and Recovery Programme (EQRP)	5.7	Colorectal (ER) (Sept-13 to Feb-14)	13.7%	12.6%	36.2%	63.4%	38.2%	42.4%	52.9%	34.5%	52.2%	63.2%	77.8%	55.0%	57.7%				44.5%	49.9%	63.5%		
(EQRP)	5.8	Gynaecology (ER) (Sept-13 to Feb-14)	15.5%	14.4%	35.5%	94.4%	84.8%	87.2%	87.8%	94.6%	90.7%	94.7%	97.4%	93.8%	91.7%				86.6%	93.3%	94.3%		
	5.9	Improve Readmission Rate HF (EQ)		Develop a joint act	ion plan with KCHT																		
	5.10	Patient Experience HF/H&K (EQ/ERP)	Pilot	Submit patient	experience data																		\Box
	5.11	Prescribing of Anti-psychotic Drugs (EQ)	33.3%	95% from S	iep-13 data		40.0%	80.0%	80.0%	100.0%	75.0%	87.5%	100.0%		100.0%				66.7%				\Box
Respiratory	_	Referral for Smoking Cessation Service	Q1 13/14 - 7.1%	Process, baseline, traject	tories and improvement	9.5%	7.7%	4.2%	9.1%	9.1%	6.9%	10.5%	7.7%	14.5%	7.2%	10.8%	9.0%		7.0%	8.8%	9.8%		
Disease	_	Referral for Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services	Q1 13/14 - 3.6%	Process, baseline, traject		4.3%	3.8%	3.6%	3.5%	4.1%	3.6%	2.5%	5.6%	4.2%	5.2%	5.8%	3.8%		3.6%	3.4%	5.0%		\vdash
	-	Door to Needle Time	13.0% of patients	23% of pati		25.4%	25.0%	19.0%	33.0%	28.6%	18.0%	27.0%	33.3%	25.0%	20.0%				25.7%	24.5%	26.1%		\vdash
	_	Admission to Stroke Unit	80.2%	85.0% acute strol	ke natients by O4	83.0%	77.0%	76.0%	87.0%	90.0%	86.0%	81.0%	83.0%	86.0%	77.0%	87.0%			80.0%	85.7%	82.0%		\vdash
Stroke	7.2		00.2%		,	03.070	77.070	70.070	07.070	30.070	00.070	01.070	03.070	00.070	77.070	07.070			00.070	03.770	02.070		\vdash
Strone		Quarterly Audit of Brain Scans <12h	NA NA	Quarterly audit of brain so		Audit Only	89.0%	91.0%	83.0%	88.0%	87.0%	91.0%	85.0%	87.0%	88.0%	91.0%							L
		Stroke Pathway/Supported Discharge	NA	Measure		Audit Only																	_
Breastfeeding/	_	Referral to Smoking Cessation Service	46.0%	TE		54.9%	58.0%	57.0%	62.0%	54.6%	56.0%	50.8%	54.0%	50.0%	52.0%	55.0%			59.0%	55.3%	52.0%		<u> </u>
Smoking Cessation	_	Breast feeding within 48h of Birth	67.4%	TE		68.8%	66.3%	68.8%	68.5%	69.3%	69.6%	71.0%	69.3%	64.2%	70.9%	70.4%			67.9%	69.5%	68.1%		
Referral	8.3	Breastfeeding at 10 days after Birth	55.7%	TE	BA	57.8%	54.5%	57.8%	59.4%	59.1%	59.3%	57.1%	57.3%	54.9%	59.7%	59.3%			57.6%	56.4%	57.3%		<u> </u>
Post Op Complications	9.1	Post Operative Complications of Joint Replacement Surgery	NA	Au	dit																		
		General	apply for the period Se	Targets have now been published with a partial payment being possible if a minimum target is achieved. The level of this partial payment is currently being clarified. Minimum scores for the improvement targets have been updated as per recent advise from the EQ Team. ERP targets vapply for the period. Sep-13 to Feb-14 and success is measured on the Trust's average performance over that period. There is therefore a transition period between Apr-Sep to introduce data collection of the new measures included in the care bundles. EQP targets apply for the period to Dec-13 and success is measured on the Trust's average performance over that period. This is a measurement pathway with no targets currently set. The EQ team have indicated that as more providers demonstrate their ability to collect data, they may choose to introduce a target part way through the year. A response to this would need to be considered if published. The																			
	5.1	AKI (EQ)		pathway with no targets curr esire to consider measuring t				demonst	ate their at	ility to col	llect data, th	ey may cho	ose to intr	oduce a tar	get part wa	ay through	the year. A	response to	this would	I need to b	e considere	d if publisl	ıed. Ti
	5.2	#NoF (EQ)	There are no targets fo	r the #NoF pathway, this is ar	n establishing pathway meas	ure.																	
	5.3	Heart Failure (EQ)	A meeting to discuss the coding process has taken place. Improved record keeping/coding and regular MDM meetings, alongside other improvements, appear to have had a positive impact with this pathway exceeding the target.																				
Enhancing Quality and Recovery Programme (EQRP)	5.4	CAP (EQ)	This pathway has previously experienced poor performance around recording of CURB 65, referral to the Smoking Cessation Team and antibiotics within 6 hours. A full action plan has been applied to ensure that this pathway improves and the impact of this has been seen in improved resu in the last 2 months (ie June data 50.8% and July data 59.0%) with the 58% target being exceeded for the first measurement month of Jul-13. Ongoing focus will remain to help ensure that these pathway improvements are sustained and continue to grow. November data show the target heen exceeded, but further improvement is required to achieve target for the year.																				
	5.6	H&K (ER)	The Trust is already per	forming significantly above t	arget (ie Dec-13 is 90.0% aga	inst a target of 38.3	3%).																
	5.7	Colorectal (ER)	The Colorectal Pathway	y is impacted by a low usage of	of IOFM within the pathway.	A review of IOFM u	sage for all p	rocedures	has been co	mpleted. F	Performance	continues	to improv	e since a di	o in July, ar	nd is exceed	ding the targ	et of 36.2%	(ie Dec-13	is 57.7%).			
	_	Gynaecology (ER)		forming significantly above t						•													
		Improve Readmission Rate HF (EQ)		KCHT is required to address				on the pa	tient group	are being	obtained. Tl	ne Commur	ity Heart	Failure Nurs	se is attend	ing the reg	ular interna	I HF meetin	gs. An initia	I RCA mee	ing has take	n place ar	nd furt
	5 10	Patient Experience HF/H&K (EQ/ERP)	Submission of Heart Fa	ailure patient experience data	a is un-to-date. Some of the I	4&K natient experie	nce data coll	ected is he	ing clarified	internally	Resnonse r	ates are ah	nve target	and resno	nses to the	data recei	ved are heir	g develone	d				_
		Prescribing of Anti-psychotic Drugs (EQ)		l-13 was a non target driven a																chieving thi	s target con	sistently.	
Respiratory	6.1	Referral for Smoking Cessation Service	Referral to the Smoking	g Cessation Service is recorde	d in PAS. Improvement targe	ts for this measure	are still to be	agreed, b	ıt year to di	ate figures	show an im	provement	that is, 9.	3% against	a Q1 basel	ine of 7.1%							_
Disease	6.2	Referral for Pulmonary Rehabilitation Services	Baseline data is source currently provisional.	d from PAS. However, a COPE	section has been launched	within the eDN to e	nable referra	ls to be se	nt automati	cally to the	e Communit	y Team. The	ere has be	en an increa	ase in refer	rals year to	date, from	a Q1 baselii	ne of 3.6%	to 4.3%. Th	e figure for	eb-14 is I	ow, bu
	7.1	Door to Needle Time	The 2012/13 baseline e	equalled 13% with an agreed	target of 23% by Q4. Data wi	II always be reporte	d 1 month re	trospectiv	ely, and Jan	-14 data w	vill not be av	ailable unti	later in M	lar-14. Year	to date da	ta confirm	improveme	nt in perfor	mance.				_
	_	Admission to Stroke Unit		onstrate improvement. There	<u> </u>																		
Stroke	_	Quarterly Audit of Brain Scans <12h	_	tently high performance in p																			_
	_	Stroke Pathway/Supported Discharge		with Community Early Supp				ctional abi	lity and retu	ırn to usua	al place of re	sidence. Mi	ich of the	data is con	tained with	in the Nati	onal Stroke	Audit (SSN/	AP).				
Breastfeeding/		Referral to Smoking Cessation Service		t is still to be agreed. Current																n Jan-14 ed	ualled 96%.		
Smoking Cessation	0.3	Breast feeding within 48h of Birth	An improvement to an	t is still to be agreed. Monthly	nerformance will be rease	ad 1 month rotro	actively Ves-	to data th	ara has bee	n improve	ment in the	referral rat	2										
Referral	-																						
Post Op Complications	0.1	Breastfeeding at 10 days after Birth Post Operative Complications of		t is still to be agreed. Monthly			ectively. Year	το date th	ere has bee	n improve	ment in the	reterral rat	2.										_
. Jac op complications	J.1	Joint Replacement Surgery Compliance Against Performance																					

Compliance Against Performance
On target
Monthly target missed; quarterly/annual target at risk
Monthly target missed; annual target at risk



CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS: SPECIALIST CQUINS MONTHLY MONITORING AND PERFORMANCE

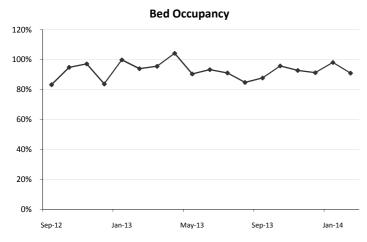


		Specialist CQUIN	2012/13 Baseline	2013/14 Target	YTD Status	Apr-13	May-13 Ju	ın-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13	Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Feb-14	Mar-14	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year End Position
		National CQUINS																				
nance	ODNs	Support the Operational Delivery Networks (ODNs)	N/A	Provide financial support to ODNs																		
Performance	Quality Dashboard	Regular submission of data via a Specialised Services Quality Dashboard	N/A	Submit data to Specialty Dashboard as per reporting schedule																		
tary	ODNs	Support the Operational Delivery Networks (ODNs)	EKHUFT currently support the Cancer Network, including hosting. The Trust has also expressed interest in there being ODNS for Renal and Vascular and the Commissioner has responded positively to these suggestions. Rebates for the charge to support the ODNS will be available to acknowledge the delays by Commissioners in putting ODNs into place.																			
Commentary	Quality Dashboard	Iprocess has not yet been provided. Active work streams for the three key elements of the Quality Dashboards (Neonatal, Renal, Haemophilia) have all been identified. Still awaiting data from Renal and Haemophilia, and work is on going to make the																				
		Local CQUINS																				
	Renal	AKI pathway data collection	N/A	Data collection and submission																		
	Cancer Services	To assess the impact of CNS support on the patients' experience of their cancer journey and agree action plan to improve experience	N/A	Gather patient feedback and produce action plan			Await Nation result	al Cance s (Jul-13)														
mance	Cardiac Inpatient Pathway	Audit Cardiac Inpatient Pathway and publish improvement plan	N/A	Audit and action plan implemented																		
Performance	Haemophilia	At least 50% of registered severe and moderate haemophilia A and B patients aged 4 years and over receiving a Joint Score Assessment by a trained physiotherapist in the last 12 months	70.0%	50.0%	62.0%	1.0%	17.0% 2	5.0%	30.0%	46.0%	51.0%	54.0%	56.0%	59.0%	61.0%	62.0%		28.0%	51.0%	59.0%		
	Neo Natal	Timely administration of total parenteral nutrition (TPN) for preterm infants	36.5%	TBA Q1	80.4%	100.0%	100.0% 3	3.0%	71.0%	80.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	67.0%	33.0%		77.7%	100.0%	100.0%		
	Renal	AKI Pathway data collection	AKI pathway data is alr	eady captured, and the Trust has been par	ticipating ir	n a pilot sub	mitting baselin	e data si	nce Sep-1	2. National	detail on E	ર requirem	ents are stil	ll being fina	alised.							
	Cancer Services	To assess the impact of CNS support on the patients' experience of their cancer journey and agree action plan to improve experience	The National Cancer Su	rvey has confirmed <10 patients with rare	r cancers. T	he CCG has	indicated that	gatherin	g further p	oatient feed	dback may i	not be requi	red and th	is needs co	nfirming in	writing.						
Commentary	Cardiac Inpatient Pathway	Audit Cardiac Inpatient Pathway and publish improvement plan		en formed, and development of methodol formance data for all patients. Service Imp					_			-	Service Imp	rovement	and Cardio	logy Matro	n). A Cardia	c Pathway	dashboard	has now be	en develop	ed and will
Comm	Haemophilia	At least 50% of registered severe and moderate haemophilia A and B patients aged 4 years and over receiving a Joint Score Assessment by a trained physiotherapist in the last 12 months	Performance is measur	ed against trajectories set for both 100% a	chievemen	t, and 50% t	arget agreed. 1	Γhe 2013	/14 perfo	rmance to	date exceed	ls the 50% t	arget for th	ne year.								
	Neo Natal	Timely administration of total parenteral nutrition (TPN) for preterm infants	Due to the small numb	er of eligible babies involved (usually 0 - 10), performa	ance (%) car	heavily fluctua	ate. An in	nproveme	ent target w	as due to b	e set at the	end of Q1.									

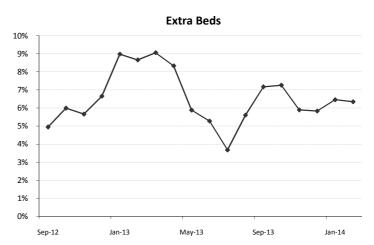
Compliance Against Performance								
On target								
Monthly target missed; quarterly/annual target at risk								
Monthly target missed; annual target at risk								



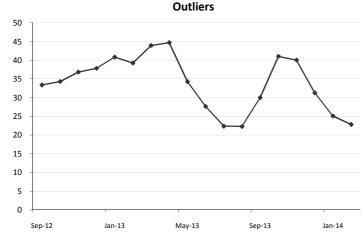
CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS: BED USAGE



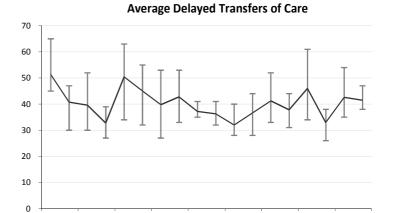
The bed occupancy metric looks only at adult inpatient beds and excludes any ring fenced wards such as Maternity. Occupancy peaked at over 100% during Apr-13, but has since reduced. However, occupancy has been steadily increasing since Aug-13, but in February decreased on the previous month with a position of 90.94% (against 97.97% in Jan-14), and sits above the Trust target of 85%.



This metric is built up using the number of funded beds on each ward and reviewing those occupied on a daily basis. Where the number of occupied beds exceeds the funded bed base for the ward these are classified as "extra". During January, 5.53% of the Trust's bed days were delivered using extra "unfunded" beds. This position increased slightly to 6.34% in February thus demonstrating a slight increase on the previous 3 months and is linked to extra capacity being re-opened to meet demand.



The outliers data show the average number of patients bedded in a ward outside of the relevant Division over a given month. In line with the number of extra beds, the number of outliers peaked in Apr-13 when the Trust, and the local health economy, was under extreme pressure with unseasonably high emergency flows. Performance in Feb-14 dropped further with a position of 22.82 and mirrors achievement from Aug-13. It is hoped this position will stabilise moving into 2014, underpinned by a reduction in extra beds and the current stable bed occupancy performance.



In Feb-14, the number of patients on the Delayed Transfer of Care (DToC) list is similar to that seen in Jan-14, and the overall reportable delays are lower when compared to the same period last year.

Jul-13

Sep-13

Nov-13

Jan-14

May-13

Mar-13

Sep-12

Nov-12

The Trust now provides 60 reablement beds, 20 of which became operational on 31 Jan-14. However, the expected seasonal peak during February's school break occured due to Social Services and associated care agencies supporting "family friendly" working practices etc.

The primary issues for DToC remain, that is, continuing health care, pending assesment by Social Services, and care provision and community resources.

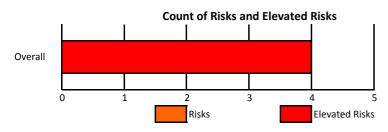


CLINICAL QUALITY & PATIENT SAFETY

East Kent Hospitals University

CARE QUALITY COMMISSION: INTELLIGENT MONITORING REPORT

Trust Summary



Band	3
Number of Risks	0
Number of Elevated Risks	4
Overall Risk Score	8
Number of Applicable Indicators	86
Proportional Score	0.05
Maximum Possible Risk Score	172

Elevated Risk Composite Indicator: In-hospital mortality - Trauma and Orthopaedic conditions and procedures
Elevated Risk PROMs EQ-5D Score: Knee replacement
Elevated Risk Inpatients response rate from NHS England Friends and Family Test
Elevated Risk Serious education concerns

The Trust was rated as a Band 3 organisation based on the risk scores calculated by the CQC in the first Intelligent Monitoring Report published in Oct-13. This gave the Trust an overall score of 8, with each of the following risks being counted twice.

There were four areas assessed as showing a risk. These were:

- Mortality following hemi-arthroplasty repair of a fractured neck of femur HMSR 125
- Patient experience and functional outcome following elective knee arthroplasty (PROMs)
- Response rate against the Friends and Family test
- Educational concerns reported to the CQC by the General Medical Council (GMC).

There is a multidisciplinary team programme of action to address mortality following fractured neck of femur, performance against PROMs is scheduled for publication at the end of the financial year and the response rate for the Friends and Family Test is now in line with the national reporting requirement. No response has yet been received from the GMC about the nature or scope of any educational concerns. The next Intelligent Monitoring Report will be published by the CQC in March and will be reported in the April CQPS report.