

The Publication of Nurse staffing Data – March 2017

Introduction

In accordance with National Quality Board requirements to provide assurance on safe staffing the Trust is publishing staffing data in the following ways:

- Information about nurses, midwives and care staff deployed, by shift, against planned levels has been displayed at ward level since April 2014. The levels are displayed using a red, amber green status; green depicts staffing levels are as planned; amber depicts that the ward is slightly short staffed but not compromised; red rag rating depicts an acute shortage for that shift. The display allows staff to explain the reasons for any shortage and also what actions they have taken to mitigate the situation, thereby offering assurance to patients and visitors.
- Ward staffing reviews are now repeated annually and the latest 6 monthly update was reported to the Strategic Workforce Committee on January 30th 2017.
- Monthly reports detailing planned and actual staffing on a shift by shift basis for the previous month have been presented monthly to the Board since May 2014. This report is also published on the Trust website and to the relevant hospital webpage on NHS choices.

Following the Carter review, Care Hours Per Patient Day (CHPPD) are also required to be reported from May-16, to relate actual staffing to patient numbers, shown in figure 1 and 4 by site, and in figure 3 by ward. This enables the calculation of Cost per Care Hour (CPCH) and the reporting of the cost of care delivered by Registered Nurses, Midwives, and care workers on inpatient wards. Costs recorded for each staff group include pay costs, including the costs of unproductive time (e.g.training, annual leave, sickness, maternity leave and paternity leave).

Planned and actual staffing

National Quality Board guidance published in May 2014 outlined the requirement for % fill of planned and actual hours to be identified by registered nurse and care staff, by day and by night, and by individual hospital site. Reported data is derived from the E-Rostering and NHS-Professionals systems and aggregated fill rates in March exceed 100% on all sites, shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1. % hours filled planned against actual by site during Mar-17

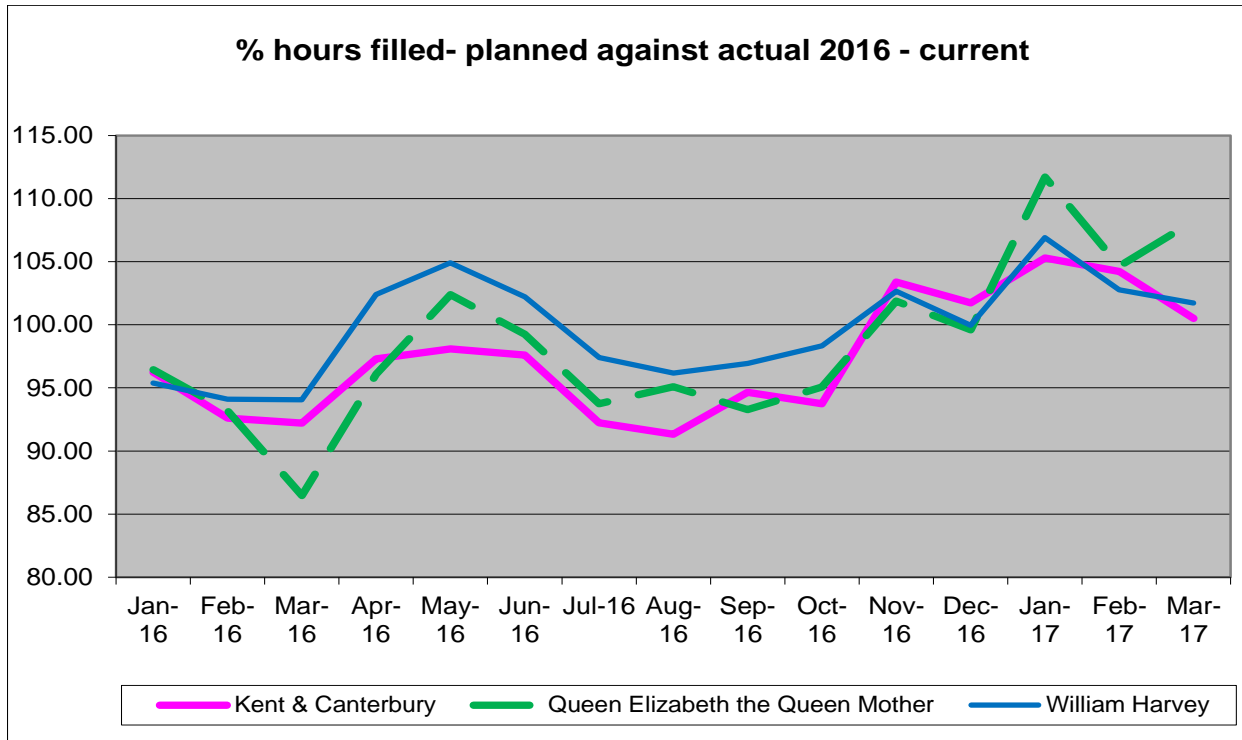
Hospital site	% Hours filled - planned against actual Mar-17				Overall % hours filled	Care Hours Per Patient Day (CHPPD) Mar-17			
	DAY		NIGHT			Cumulative count over the month of patients at 23:59 each day	Registered midwives/ nurses	Care Staff	Overall
	Average fill rate - registered nurses/ midwives (%)	Average fill rate - care staff (%)	Average fill rate - registered nurses/ midwives (%)	Average fill rate - care staff (%)					
Kent & Canterbury	88.5%	109.2%	100.0%	134.0%	100.5%	7053	5.0	3.0	8.0
Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother	97.1%	109.8%	109.7%	138.3%	108.2%	9396	5.0	3.8	8.8
William Harvey	99.5%	102.4%	102.2%	106.7%	101.7%	11557	5.3	3.1	8.4

It should be possible to fill 100% of hours if:

- There are no vacant posts;
- All vacant planned shifts are covered by overtime or NHS-P shifts;
- Annual leave, sickness and study leave is managed within an overall average of 22%.

Figure 2 shows the slight reductions seen in % shift hours filled in March and August which reflects the requirement for additional shifts during winter pressures and periods of higher annual leave not always being filled by NHSP. Work to ensure that roster templates closely reflect the budgeted establishments and include shifts necessary for additional beds has supported the increased fill rates seen over time. All agency hours worked have been included in this report since Apr-16.

Figure 2. % hours filled planned against actual Jan-16 to Mar-17



Senior nursing leaders have reported that:

- It is not possible to say which organisations have concerning levels of staffing using this data;
- Some Trusts may achieve high % fill rates but have planned for what are already sub-optimal levels;
- Many Trusts reporting the lowest fill rates have invested in to nursing in the last year;
- There may be inconsistencies in the methodology as those Trusts using E-Rostering tend to report lower fill rates.

Figure 3 shows total monthly hours actual against planned and % fill during March by ward. Work has been undertaken to explore the reasons for the gap, the impact and the actions being taken to address the gap. Some wards achieve higher than 100% due to additional shifts worked through NHS-P during times of increased demand and additional bed use.

Actions in place include:

- Matrons and Specialist Nurses cover the shifts that are short of staff. This is not reflected in the filled hours as it is not captured on the E-Roster;
- Skill-mix changes are made, such as using a healthcare assistant if a registered nurse is not available. This explains why some fill rates are high for 'Care Staff';
- Recruitment campaigns continue both locally and overseas;
- Retention is being addressed with wards and teams with support from the HR Business Partners.

No national RAG rating tolerances have been determined, but wards achieving under 80% have been RAG rated Red, in Figure 3. The main root cause of <80% fill rates are provided and detail on annual leave, sickness and parenting rates by ward. The RAG rating for these elements are provided below. Detail on key quality indicators are included by ward within the heat map report.

Annual Leave	<11.0%
	>17.0%
Sickness	>2.5%
Parenting	>3.0%

Figure 3. Total monthly hours actual against planned and % fill and CHPPD by ward during Mar-17

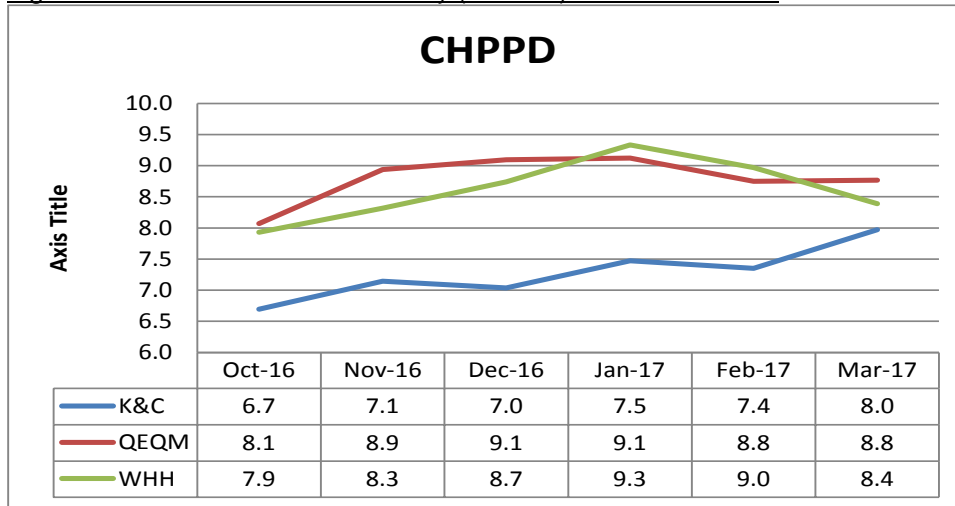
	DAY		NIGHT		Unavailability %						Care Hours Per Patient Day (CHPPD)			
	Average fill rate - registered nurses/ midwives (%)	Average fill rate - care staff (%)	Average fill rate - registered nurses/ midwives (%)	Average fill rate - care staff (%)	AL		Sickness		Parenting		Cumulative count over the month of patients at 23:59 each day	Registered midwives/ nurses	Care Staff	Overall
					Registered	Unregistered	Registered	Unregistered	Registered	Unregistered				
UCLTC														
WH Cambridge J2 Ward	107%	143%	114%	122%	23.00%	10.10%	7.50%	7.90%	0.00%	2.60%	1043	3.3	3.1	6.4
WH Cambridge K Ward	112%	154%	103%	100%	18.50%	7.20%	0.60%	10.30%	0.00%	0.00%	819	3.3	2.3	5.5
WH Cambridge M1 & M2 Ward	101%	109%	111%	111%	20.20%	12.30%	10.00%	16.20%	0.00%	12.90%	595	3.5	2.4	5.9
KC Taylor CCU	71%	N/A	95%	N/A	14.70%	0%	8.60%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	231	6.4	0.0	6.4
QE Coronary Care Unit	103%	63%	104%	108%	16.10%	15.90%	6.00%	17.60%	2.00%	0.00%	333	6.4	2.1	8.6
WH Coronary Care Unit	87%	94%	80%	68%	13.50%	26.90%	3.90%	2.80%	0.00%	0.00%	286	9.9	2.1	11.9
QE Minster	91%	147%	110%	165%	17.60%	22.20%	0.90%	11.40%	0.00%	0.00%	692	3.1	4.5	7.7
WH Oxford Ward	116%	107%	111%	125%	25.60%	15.20%	0.00%	6.30%	0.00%	0.00%	398	5.3	3.0	8.4
QE Sandwich Bay Ward	124%	149%	144%	303%	13.30%	11.10%	0.30%	6.10%	4.00%	0.00%	629	4.0	3.8	7.8
QE St Margarets Ward	101%	134%	102%	159%	21.90%	18.50%	5.20%	10.10%	0.00%	0.00%	763	2.5	3.6	6.1
QE Deal Ward	120%	136%	99%	158%	18.40%	11.70%	0.50%	6.10%	12.40%	0.00%	828	3.2	3.5	6.6
KC Harvey Neurorehab	76%	146%	102%	317%	12.80%	16.70%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	587	2.7	4.8	7.5
KC Invicta Ward	97%	97%	106%	137%	22.60%	9.20%	1.10%	14.90%	0.00%	0.00%	720	2.9	2.4	5.3
WH Cambridge L Rehab Ward	97%	103%	107%	156%	18.40%	16.30%	0.40%	15.40%	0.00%	0.00%	804	3.1	3.2	6.3
KC Treble Ward	87%	68%	99%	212%	11.00%	18.00%	12.20%	5.60%	4.20%	0.00%	548	3.3	3.0	6.3
KC Mount McMaster	91%	110%	104%	211%	10.40%	16.60%	5.40%	1.40%	0.00%	0.00%	749	2.7	2.7	5.4
QE Fordwich	97%	169%	108%	193%	17.00%	16.80%	8.50%	17.30%	2.60%	0.00%	621	4.7	4.6	9.3
KC Kingston	78%	139%	104%	125%	18.10%	10%	2.50%	3.80%	0.00%	0.50%	745	3.6	3.1	6.7
WH Richard Stevens Stroke Unit	103%	179%	101%	231%	15.60%	13.50%	6.40%	3.80%	5.40%	0.00%	695	4.7	5.1	9.8
KC Harbledown Ward	82%	133%	109%	115%	16.40%	13.10%	1.60%	12.00%	0.00%	0.00%	758	2.9	3.1	5.9
QE St Augustine Contingency Ward	92%	144%	114%	121%	28%	18%	2.20%	2.00%	0.00%	8.80%	892	2.4	2.6	5.0
QE CDU	98%	149%	157%	198%	17.30%	16.20%	7.70%	1.40%	0.00%	0.00%	677	6.8	4.9	11.6
WH CDU/Bethersden	95%	109%	115%	95%	17.40%	16.10%	4.60%	4.60%	2.90%	0.00%	665	9.5	4.8	14.2
KC ECC	91%	118%	97%	98%	13.60%	19.50%	9.40%	14.40%	4.20%	0.00%	373	13.9	5.6	19.6
Surgical Services														
WH Rotary Suite	97%	111%	95%	111%	22.80%	16.30%	1.60%	1.80%	0.00%	0.00%	442	5.0	3.1	8.2
QE Cheerful Sparrow Female	86%	102%	99%	105%	16.80%	13%	17.80%	2.30%	0.00%	0.00%	688	3.5	2.9	6.4
KC Clarke Ward	90%	97%	99%	91%	19.80%	18.00%	5.60%	6.10%	0.00%	0.00%	766	3.9	2.8	6.7
QE Cheerful Sparrow Male	89%	95%	98%	92%	15.20%	4.30%	18.50%	13.80%	4.30%	0.00%	636	3.9	3.1	6.9
KC Kent Ward	102%	111%	102%	95%	14.40%	14.20%	4.80%	15.00%	6.90%	4.50%	485	5.1	2.8	7.9
WH Kings B	100%	101%	104%	107%	17.80%	9.90%	1.10%	0.60%	0.00%	7.40%	762	2.9	2.5	5.3
WH Kings A2	94%	105%	100%	121%	21.00%	12.50%	3.00%	2.40%	5.10%	0.00%	574	3.1	2.5	5.7
WH Kings C	102%	110%	98%	102%	10.50%	18.70%	1.90%	1.40%	0.00%	2.90%	826	2.9	2.4	5.3
WH Kings C2	73%	100%	97%	102%	19.00%	10.50%	10.30%	1.10%	0.00%	0.00%	677	2.9	2.7	5.6
WH Kings D	97%	102%	87%	150%	17.80%	15.50%	4.70%	5.90%	0.00%	0.00%	719	5.7	5.1	10.7
QE Quex Ward	102%	102%	100%	104%	20.20%	11.10%	5.90%	15.50%	0.00%	7.60%	448	4.9	1.6	6.5
QE Trauma Floor	103%	109%	101%	126%	18.20%	11.10%	2.60%	3.80%	0.00%	4.10%	585	8.0	8.0	16.1
WH Critical Care	123%	95%	114%	54%	19.70%	20.30%	5.30%	1.70%	5.90%	0.00%	294	26.9	3.3	30.3
KC Critical Care	86%	71%	94%	N/A	19.20%	5.70%	2.90%	11.10%	7.90%	0.00%	167	26.3	0.7	27.0
QE Critical Care	86%	73%	99%	N/A	18.20%	15.60%	4.10%	0.00%	4.80%	0.00%	195	27.2	1.5	28.7
Specialist Services														
KC Marlowe Ward	101%	99%	98%	107%	19.70%	21.00%	4.40%	11.70%	0.00%	0.00%	715	6.1	3.2	9.3
WH NICU	89%	83%	94%	35%	18.10%	14.30%	5.70%	0.70%	0.00%	0.00%	532	12.0	1.6	13.6
WH Padua Ward	95%	70%	105%	48%	17.20%	11.30%	5.00%	14.30%	8.30%	8.20%	591	7.1	1.6	8.8
QE Rainbow Ward	104%	92%	100%	N/A	14.50%	10.30%	4.50%	1.00%	4.50%	1.00%	371	9.0	3.1	12.0
QE Birchington Ward	88%	112%	102%	97%	17.10%	19.60%	0.20%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	395	5.0	2.8	7.8
WH Kennington Ward	99%	61%	89%	N/A	16.90%	14.70%	6.60%	5.20%	0.00%	0.00%	289	5.8	2.1	7.9
KC Brabourne Haematology Ward	78%	100%	108%	N/A	15.50%	7.00%	8.80%	25.60%	0.00%	0.00%	209	8.5	1.5	10.0
WH Maternity Labour and Folkestone	N/A	56%	N/A	50%	15.80%	18.90%	10.00%	10.50%	5.40%	3.50%	486	0.0	3.7	3.7
MLU WHH	103%	64%	99%	65%	17.00%	30.20%	9.40%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	60	26.0	8.3	34.2
QE Maternity Wards	N/A	51%	N/A	90%	20.50%	15.10%	6.00%	9.40%	4.70%	5.40%	351	0.0	6.0	6.0
QE MLU	85%	27%	174%	84%	21.10%	32.70%	6.00%	11.50%	0.00%	0.00%	34	38.6	12.1	50.7
QE SCBU	84%	72%	95%	N/A	17.70%	18.10%	1.60%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	258	8.7	2.4	11.1

Care Hours Per Patient Day (CHPPD)

Care hours per patient day are also included, by ward, and include registered nurse and care staff hours against the cumulative total of patients on the ward at 23.59 each day during the month. The range is from around 5.5 hours of care per patient on medical wards to over 25 within critical care areas where one to one care is required. The trend in figure 4 shows some consistency by site, the higher CHPPD at QEQM and WHH reflect the speciality of provision on those sites.

Updated 2016 National Quality Board requirements include the expectation that CHPPD will be included in Trust’s Quality dashboards and the CHPPD will be included in the Quality Heatmap, by ward, from February 2017.

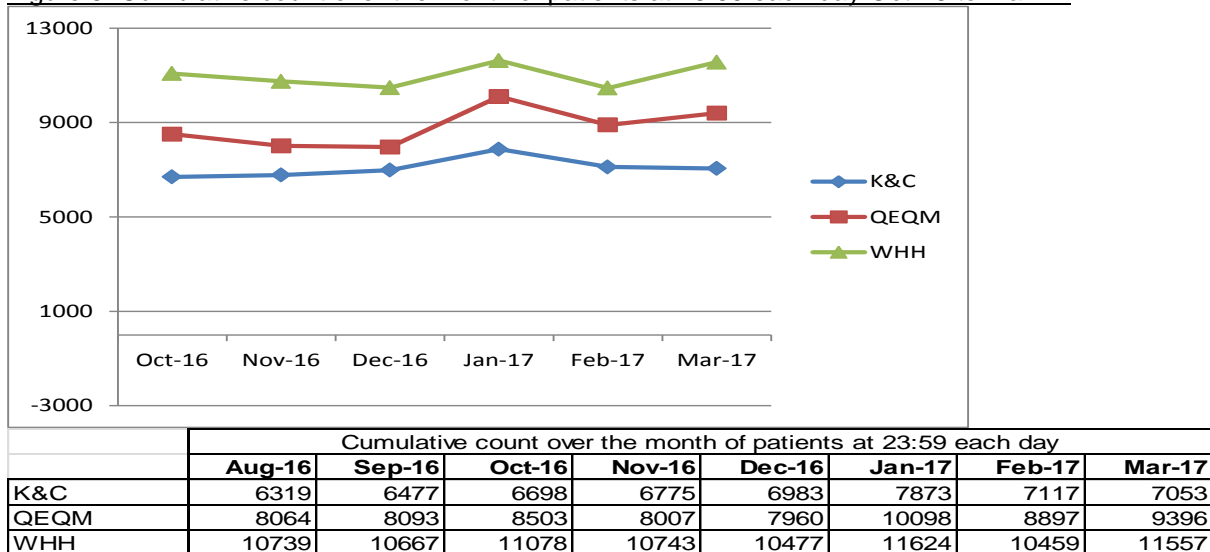
Figure 4. Care Hours Per Patient Day (CHPPD) Oct-16 to Mar-17



National comparative data is available only for May-16. The overall average 8.3 CHPPD in May-16 for EKHUFT was in line with our three most local acute Trusts (8.3, 9.0 and 9.6) but below the national average of 10.4. The national benchmarking data includes all Acute Trusts, Mental Health Trusts and Community Trusts. Further comparative data will be reported when available.

CHPPD has been sustained in Mar-17 against a sustained increase in activity and winter pressure beds shown in figure 5 and this is reflected in the continued rate of over 100% seen this month in %fill against budgeted establishments.

Figure 5. Cumulative count over the month of patients at 23.59 each day Oct-16 to Mar-17



Data validation and sign-off steps have been implemented and the data will be reported externally via Unify/NHS Choices on 18th April 2017. The national data will be published representing each hospital site on the NHS Choices website.